

## Toole Design Group



- 12 offices – Madison lead
- Planners, Engineers, Landscape Architects
- Iowa Experience



Adam Wood, AICP  
(Project Manager)



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## What are Complete Streets?



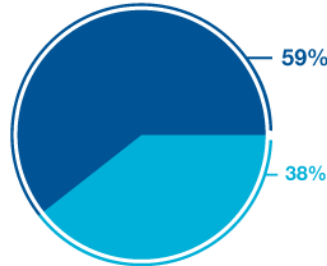
Complete Streets are streets for everyone, no matter who they are or how they travel.

Safe Comfortable Convenient



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## People Want Choices



59% We need to improve public transportation, including trains and buses, to make it easier to walk and bike to reduce traffic congestion

38% We need to build more roads and expand existing roads to help reduce traffic congestion

**66%**

of Americans want more transportation options so they have the freedom to choose how to get where they need to go.

**73%**

currently feel they have no choice but to drive as much as they do.

Future of Transportation National Survey (2010)



Smart Growth America  
Making Neighborhoods Great Together



National Complete  
Streets Coalition



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## Many streets are inadequate

- No sidewalks
- Too dangerous to cross on foot



Photo: Route 1, Virginia. Credit: Cheryl Cort, Coalition for Smarter Growth



Smart Growth America  
Making Neighborhoods Great Together



National Complete  
Streets Coalition



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# Many streets are inadequate

- Unsafe for bicyclists

Photo: San Francisco, CA. Credit: SF Streetsblog- by Bryan Goebel <http://www.orangephotography.com/>

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# Many streets are inadequate

- Uninviting for bus riders

Photo: Flint, MI Credit: Barbara McCann

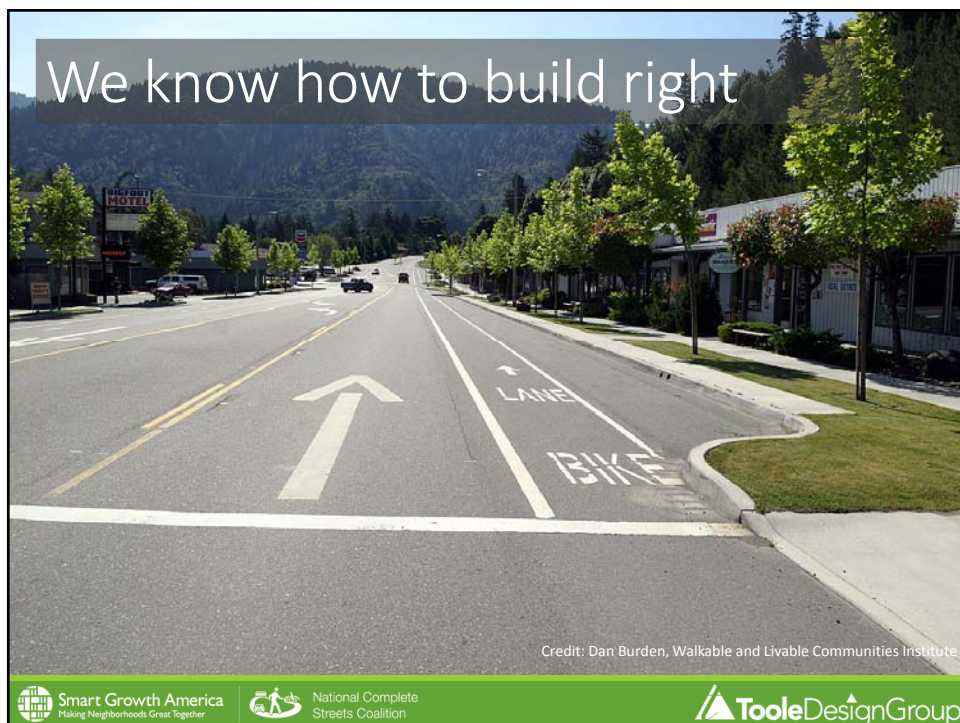
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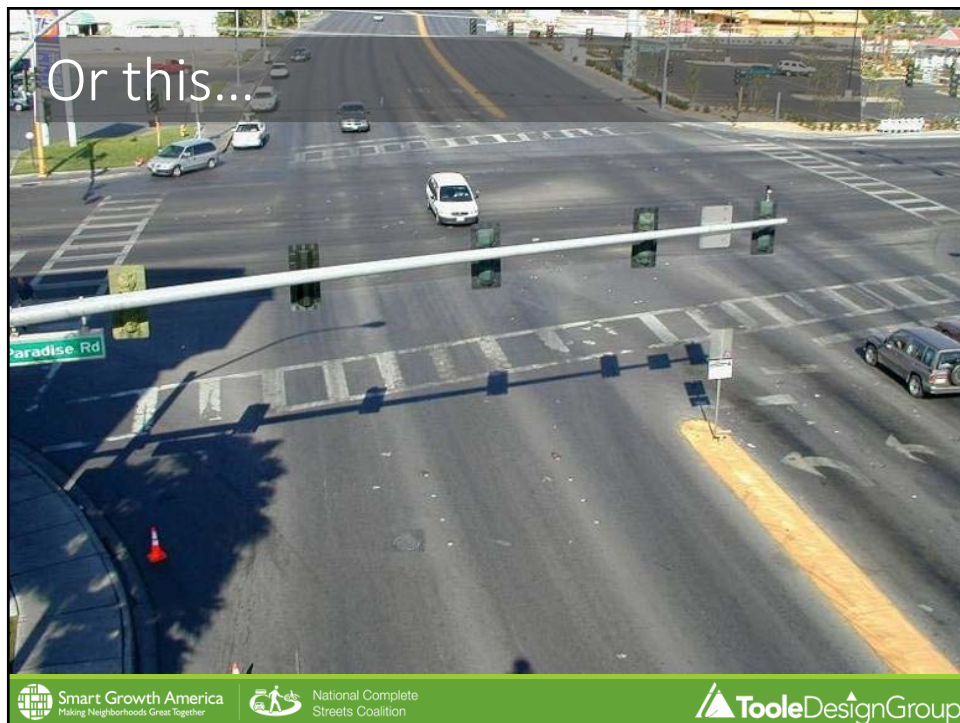
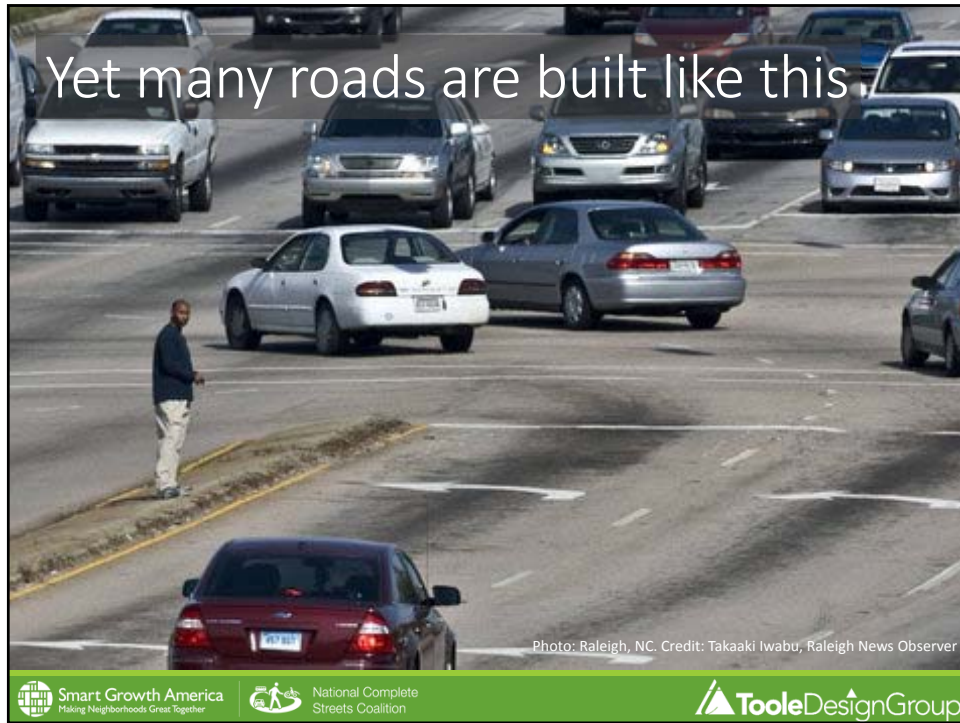
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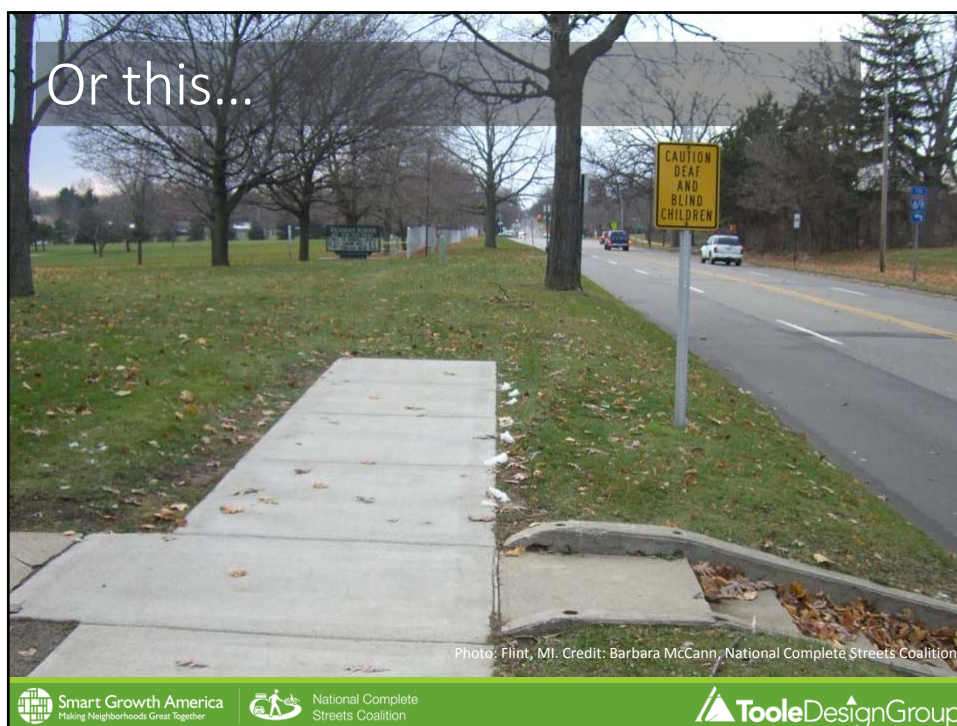












## Why Complete Streets?



- To shift transportation investments so they create better streets **opportunistically**
- To **make streets better each time you touch them**, not just during a reconstruction project – small, low-cost, quick projects can have high impact
- To ensure every project creates better streets *now* with **current funding sources**
- To **save money** – retrofits cost more than getting it right initially



## Why Complete Streets?



- To gradually create a complete **network** of roads that serve all users
- To give transportation professionals **political and community support** for innovative solutions that help make active living possible
- To apply solutions across a community and **address systematic inequities**



## What Complete Streets Aren't



- Not a bike lane on every street
- Not streetscape/aesthetic enhancements
- Not prescriptive designs
- Not necessarily more expensive



## What Complete Streets Are



- A **process** for street design
- Reasonably accommodate potential modes and users
- Prioritize and balance modes to create **Complete Networks**
- Different types of streets with different purposes
- Minimize impacts on the current predominate mode

## Complete Streets Program



- Develop and adopt a policy
  - Assess / revise project development process
  - Develop design decision-making aids
    - Street network classification
    - Street typologies (design starting points)
    - Customized design guidelines
  - Document decisions
- This Project (CS Plan)
- Adjust funding / CIP processes
  - Staff training
  - Annual program review
  - Adjust policy, processes, goals, etc. as needed

## Outline of a CS Policy



- Purpose or vision
- Principles
- Applicability / jurisdiction
- Exceptions
- Standards / processes
- Objectives / performance measures (optional)

## Principles



- All users and modes
- Flexibility
- Context-sensitivity
- Safety
- Equity
- Possibly others...





## Applicability

- All projects and phases
  - New construction
  - Reconstruction
  - Resurfacing
  - Intersection improvements
  - Restriping
- Street owner
  - City
  - State



## Limitations

- Mode/user prohibited by law (e.g., Interstate Highway)
- Costs are excessively disproportionate
- Absence of current and future need
- Possibly others...

## Standards / Processes



- Federal, state, and local standards (AASHTO, NACTO, etc)
- MPO/City funding processes
- City Project development process
- Design decision-making aids
- Documentation and accountability

## Design Decision-Making Aids

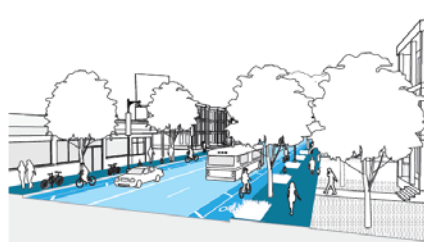
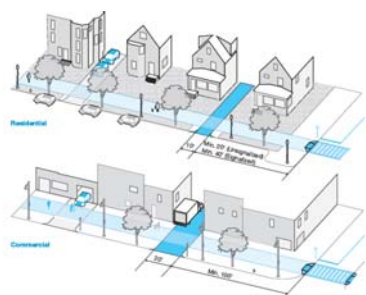


- Street network classification
- Street typologies (design starting points)
- Customized design guidelines

Preferred and Minimum Widths for Sidewalk Zones

The width and design of sidewalks vary depending on street type, function, condition, and demand. Values are the City of Seattle's preferred and minimum widths for each Sidewalk Zone by Street Type.

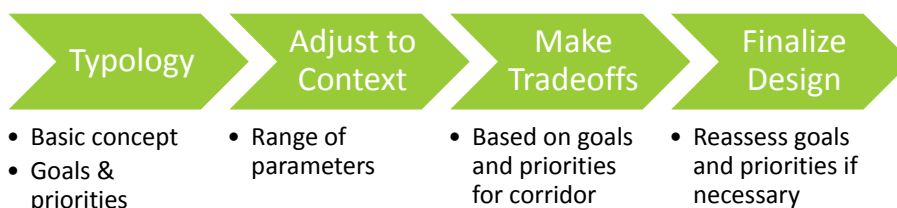
Street Type	Preferred Zone		Minimum Zone		Alternative Zone		Bike Lane	New Width
	Preferred	Minimum	Preferred	Minimum	Preferred	Minimum		
Urban Commercial	8'	6'	10'	8'	6'	4'	8'	20'-0" - 10'
Urban Mixed Use	8'	6'	10'	8'	6'	4'	8'	18'-0" - 10'
Neighborhood Main	8'	6'	8'	6'	6'	4'	8'	16'-0" - 7'
Neighborhood Collector	8'	6'	8'	6'	6'	4'	8'	16'-0" - 7'
Neighborhood Residential	8'	6'	8'	6'	6'	4'	8'	11'-0" - 7'
Industrial Street	8'	6'	8'	6'	6'	4'	8'	11'-0" - 7'
Arterial Road	8'	6'	10'	8'	6'	4'	8'	16'-0" - 10'-0"
Freeway	N/A	N/A	8'	6'	6'	4'	8'	16'-0" - 10'-0"
Expressway	8'	6'	8'	6'	6'	4'	8'	16'-0" - 10'-0"



## Flexibility & Compromise



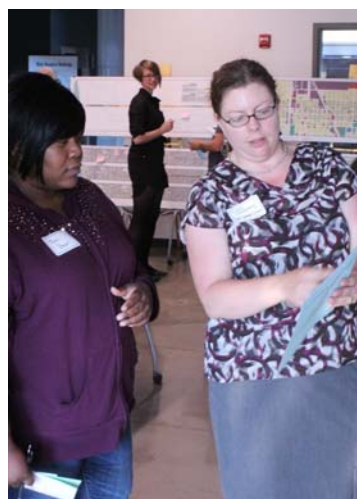
- Complete Streets is a **process**, not a defined outcome
- Prioritizing and making tradeoffs
- No rigid standards



## Stakeholder Input



- Technical Advisory Committee
  - Staff (City, MPO, Iowa DOT, Iowa State, etc.)
- Community Advisory Committee
- Public Meetings / Open House events
  - One this fall to solicit input on priorities
  - One spring 2018 to get feedback on the plan





## Updates to Council - Tentative



- City staff deliver status updates as needed
- October
  - Draft Complete Streets policy
- November / December
  - Summary of public input received in October
  - Proposed transportation network classifications
  - Proposed performance measures
- January / February
  - Proposed street typologies
  - Project development process recommendations
- April / May
  - Draft design guide
  - Summary of public input received in April
- June / July
  - Draft document
- August
  - Presentation for approval