







#### **Mission Statement**

## We are caring people, providing quality programs with exceptional service to a community of progress.

#### We Value...

Continuous improvement in our organization and our services.

Innovation in problem solving.

Employee participation in decision making.

Personal and professional development.

Each other as we work together to serve the community.

#### We Are...

Proud to provide superior services to our community.

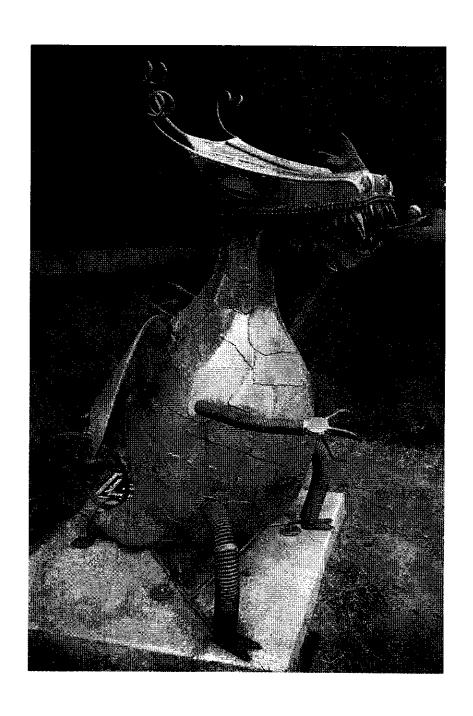
Professional and objective as we address public concerns and needs.

Fair, flexible, and helpful in our actions.

Efficient and fiscally responsible.

Proactive in reviewing and evaluating the type and focus of our services.

Caring People, Quality Programs, Exceptional Service



Orange Dragon

By Dave Johnson, 1998

Southwest corner outside City Hall

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

**OF THE** 

**CITY OF AMES, IOWA** 

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Prepared by the Accounting and Auditing Division of the Department of Finance

#### CITY OF AMES, IOWA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

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## INTRODUCTORY SECTION



December 6, 2007

The Honorable Mayor, City Council Members, And Citizens of the City of Ames, Iowa

The City of Ames is required by various state and federal regulations to publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles or GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to these requirements, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Ames, Iowa (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 is hereby submitted.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

The City's financial statements have been audited by EideBailly LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor has issued an unqualified (clean) opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A should be read in conjunction with this letter of transmittal.

#### PROFILE OF THE CITY OF AMES

The City was incorporated in 1869 under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended in July 1975 under the Home Rule City Act. The City is located in central Iowa, 30 miles north of Des Moines. Ames is the 9<sup>th</sup> largest city in Iowa with a population of 50,731 per the 2000 census. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City operates under a council-manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the governing council consisting of the mayor and six other council members. The council members serve four-year staggered terms with three council members elected every two years. The mayor serves a four-year term and is elected with one of the groups of three council members. Four of the council members are elected by district. The mayor and the two remaining council members are elected at large.

The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, culture, recreation, and community development. The City also provides additional services including municipal electric, water, and sewer utility systems; parking lot facilities; a municipal resource recovery facility; a municipal airport; a recreational ice facility; a municipal golf course; a community center; a transit system; and a municipal hospital. The City of Ames is also financially accountable for a legally separate hospital foundation reported separately within the City of Ames financial statements. Additional information on the hospital foundation can be found in the notes to the financial statements (See Note 1.A).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City Manager is responsible for developing a budget proposal to the City Council. The proposed budget is presented to the Council in January and February of each year. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt the final budget by no later than March 15 for the fiscal year beginning the following July first. The appropriated budget is prepared by function.

#### LOCAL ECONOMY

The City is supported by a diverse economy, which relies on both the private and public sectors. The City is home to several large governmental agencies including Iowa State University, the Iowa Department of Transportation, the USDA National Animal Disease Center and National Veterinary Services Laboratories, and a U.S. Department of Energy research lab. The University and other government employers add significant local economic stability that has resulted in an unemployment rate that has been below the national and state averages for the past thirty years.

The assessed value of taxable property grew at a rate of approximately 1.9% for the current fiscal year. This relatively small increase is due to a slowdown in the new and existing housing market, the continuation of the conversion of existing apartments taxed at commercial rates to condos/co-ops taxed at the lower residential rates, court ordered reductions in assessments on major commercial and industrial properties, and the continuing erosion of our tax base with a further decrease in the state mandated rollback percentage.

The City's economic development efforts have been targeted towards companies that blend with community resources and take advantage of a highly educated workforce in areas such as veterinary medicine, technology, and agricultural research. A 2006 study by *Expansion Management* magazine ranked Ames metro area public schools 12<sup>th</sup> nationally.

Ames continues to see expansion of animal science and bio-energy in the local economy. The Iowa Energy Center in Ames has expanded research for commercial bio-energy applications at

its Biomass Energy Conversion facility located in nearby Nevada, Iowa. The U.S. Department of Agriculture continued expansion of the National Animal Disease Center, National Veterinary Services Laboratories, and Center for Veterinary Biologics, all located in Ames. When completed, the Ames complex will be the USDA's flagship laboratory for large animal research and diagnosis. Iowa State University recently broke ground on the reconstruction and expansion of the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory and Veterinary Teaching Hospital.

International companies such as Syngenta and Sauer-Danfoss have chosen Ames as a location to expand operation. Already one of the largest employers in Ames, Sauer-Danfoss announced a plan to consolidate operations from other locations to Ames, adding over 200 employees. Syngenta added a new facility with over 40 employees.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City Council has adopted a comprehensive set of budget and fiscal policies including general revenue management, user fee cost recovery goals, enterprise fund fees and rates, grant funding, investments, capital improvement management, and fund balance designations and reserves. The ending fund balance level established for the general fund is 20% of operating expenditures. The City of Ames met the minimum fund balance requirement for the general fund and all other financial policies established by the City Council.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

The City Council is committed to making Ames a more environmentally sustainable community. They took the Cool City Pledge in June by authorizing the Mayor to sign the U.S. Mayor's Climate Protection Agreement.

Ames residents voted on Tuesday, July 24, 2007, to fund the Donald and Ruth Furman Outdoor Aquatic Center with \$8,488,000 of bonds to be issued during 2007 and 2008 as construction progresses.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Ames, Iowa, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. This was the 28th consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada presented an award of Distinguished Budget Presentation to the City for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2007. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communication device. The City has received this award every year since 1986/1987. The award is valid for a period of one year only.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Finance Department. We wish to thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their interest and support of our efforts in conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Steven L. Schanler

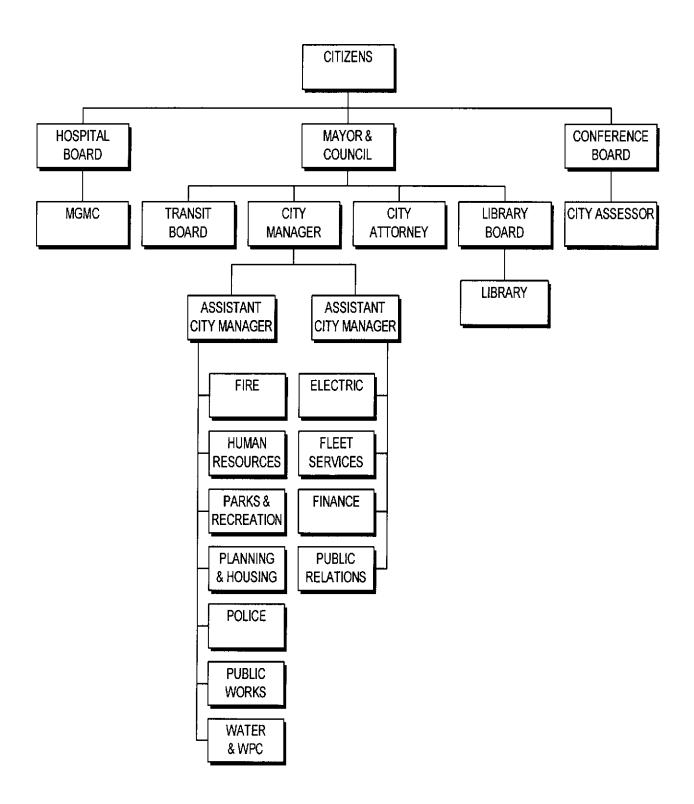
Steven L. Schainker

City Manager

Duane R. Pitcher, CPA, CPFO

Director of Finance

### CITY OF AMES, IOWA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



#### CITY OF AMES, IOWA

#### PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### **Elected Officials**

Ann Campbell Mayor

Matthew Goodman

Jim Popken

Dan Rice

Jami Larson

Ryan Doll

Riad Mahayni

Council Member – At Large

Council Member – First Ward

Council Member – Second Ward

Council Member – Third Ward

Council Member – Fourth Ward

#### Council-Appointed Officials

Steven Schainker City Manager
Doug Marek City Attorney

#### **Manager-Appointed Officials**

Bob Kindred Assistant City Manager
Sheila Lundt Assistant City Manager
Don Kom Director of Electric Utility
John Joiner Director of Public Works
Duane Pitcher Director of Finance

Sheri Kyras Director of Transportation

Clint Petersen Fire Chief
Chuck Cychosz Police Chief

Julie Huisman Director of Human Resources
Steve Osguthorpe Director of Planning & Housing
Nancy Carroll Director of Parks & Recreation

John Dunn Director of Water and Pollution Control

Paul Hinderaker Director of Fleet Services

Art Weeks Library Director
Roger Wisecup II City Treasurer

#### **Hospital Administration**

Kimberly Russel President/Chief Executive Officer
Brian Dieter Vice President/Chief Financial Officer



A World To Teach

By Jane Dedecker, 1999

Outside Ames Public Library Main Entrance, Douglas Avenue

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

#### City of Ames Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2006

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

THE OFFICE OF THE AND SO CHEGORATOR STATES OF THE AND SO CHEGORATOR SO CHEGORATOR SE SE ALL STATES OF THE AND SO CHEGORATOR SE ALL STATES OF THE AND SO CHEGORATOR SE ALL STATES OF THE AND SE ALL S

President

**Executive Director** 

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Ames, Iowa for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Ames, Iowa has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 28 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1979-2006). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

## FINANCIAL SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Ames, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ames, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Ames, Iowa. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Mary Greeley Medical Center (presented as an enterprise fund) and the Mary Greeley Medical Center Foundation (the discretely presented component unit). Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Mary Greeley Medical Center and the Mary Greeley Medical Center Foundation, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ames, Iowa, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2007, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

PEOPLE. PRINCIPLES. POSSIBILITIES.

www.eidebailly.com

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Ames, Iowa. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Ames, Iowa. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Dubuque, Iowa December 6, 2007

Esde Sailly LLP

#### CITY OF AMES, IOWA

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

This section of the City of Ames (City) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2007. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements found in the next section of this report.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Ames exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$481,430,010 (net assets). This was an increase of \$35,939,471 over net assets at June 30, 2006. Unrestricted net assets at June 30, 2007 in the amount of \$158,519,520 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The revenues of the general fund exceeded expenses by \$726,443.
- The ending general fund balance of \$6,546,145 exceeded the City target minimum fund balance of twenty percent of general fund budgeted expenses.
- Within the City's business-type activities, revenues exceeded expenses by \$29,062,404. The City policy is to set rates that fund operational expenses of business-type activities and fund most capital improvements. The increase in net assets represents funds accumulated for planned future capital expenditures.
- For the year, the revenues of the City's governmental activities exceeded expenses by \$6,877,067 compared to \$7,187,134 in 2006.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. The paragraphs below provide a brief description of the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the

underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories:

Governmental activities. This category consists of services provided by the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Basic City services such as police, fire, public works, planning, parks, the library, and general administration are governmental activities.

Business-type activities. These activities are supported primarily by user fees. The services provided by the City in this category include water, sewer, and electrical utilities, the resource recovery center, municipal golf course, and a municipal hospital.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal requirements for financial transactions and reporting. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains three individual major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-one governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, debt service, capital projects, special revenue, and enterprise funds according to State of Iowa code. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

**Proprietary funds.** The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, sewer, water, and storm water drainage utilities. Enterprise funds are also used for the municipal hospital, resource recovery center, transit, parking, and recreational facility operations. Internal service funds are accounting devices used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet services, information services, risk management, and health insurance. The City's internal services benefit both the governmental activities and business-type activities and have been apportioned accordingly in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Mary Greeley Medical Center, electric utility, sewer, and water utility; all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the other six enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

*Notes to the financial statements.* The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds, internal service funds, and agency funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

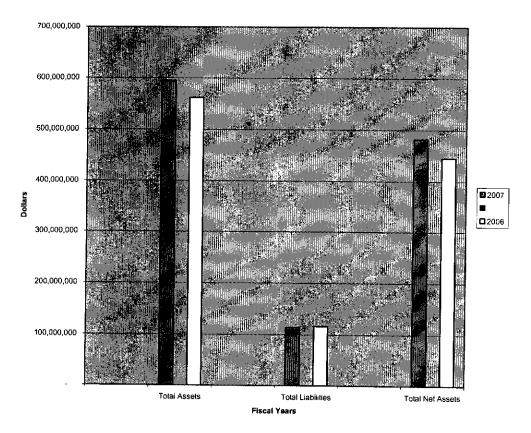
*Net assets.* As noted earlier, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position when observed over time. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$481,430,010 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The most significant portion of the City's net assets (65.3%) are reflected in investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to the citizens and are not available for future spending.

#### City of Ames Net Assets

	Governme	tal Activities	Business	-type Activities	Total			
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Current and other assets	\$ 56,105,153	\$ 49,321,7	<b>'35 \$ 1</b> 66,050,14	4 \$ 150,391,416	\$ 222,155,297	\$ 199,713,151		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	123,581,784	122,963,0	249,463,26	9 239,112,828	373,045,053	362,075,829		
Total assets	179,686,937	172,284,7	'36 415,513,41	3 389,504,244	595,200,350	561,788,980		
Long-term debt outstanding	30,950,000	31,345,0	000 23,415,00	0 24,995,000	54,365,000	56,340,000		
Other liabilities	30,000,398	29,080,2	64 29,404,94	2 30,878,177	59,405,340	59,958,441		
Total liabilities	60,950,398	60,425,2	64 52,819,94	2 55,873,177	113,770,340	116,298,441		
Net assets								
Invested in capital assets, net								
of related debt	90,093,683	87,975,1	94 224,440,40	4 209,874,031	314,534,087	297,849,225		
Restricted	6,680,663	5,767,7	06 1,695,74	0 1,840,838	8,376,403	7,608,544		
Unrestricted	21,962,193	18,116,5	72 136,557,32	7 121,916,198	, .,	140,032,770		
Total net assets	\$ 118,736,539	\$ 111,859,4	72 \$ 362,693,47	1 \$ 333,631,067	\$ 481,430,010	\$ 445,490,539		

#### **Net Assets**



A portion of the City's net assets (1.7%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net assets (\$158,519,520) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the close of fiscal years 2007 and 2006, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole and separate governmental and business-type activities.

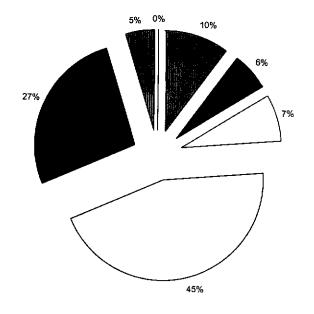
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the net assets of the City by \$6,877,067 or 19.1% of the total increase in net assets in 2007 and \$7,187,134 or 23.9% of the increase in 2006. Taxes are the largest source of governmental revenues with property taxes of \$19,313,838 in 2007 and other taxes (sales taxes and road use tax) of \$11,526,170. Capital grants and contributions for 2007 totaled \$3,231,618. The \$838,067 increase in property tax collections in 2007 over 2006 was due to increased valuations and a \$.08 increase in the overall tax rate. The increase in other taxes was due to increased local option tax and hotel/motel tax collections. Rising interest rates are reflected in the \$669,868 increase in investment revenue. Governmental expenses during 2007 increased \$1,364,783 over 2006 expenses or 3.9%.

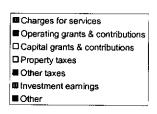
City of Ames Changes in Net Assets

		Governmental Activities		_	pe Activities	Total			
_		2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Revenues									
Program revenues	_								
Charges for services	\$	4,455,890 \$	4,174,058 \$	212,458,447	. ,	216,914,337 \$	196,612,812		
Operating grants & contributions		2,595,245	2,745,231	1,665,682	1,252,304	4,260,927	3,997,535		
Capital grants & contributions		3,231,618	4,847,202	1,724,159	4,967,908	4,955,777	9,815,110		
General revenues									
Property taxes		19,313,838	18,475,771			19,313,838	18,475,771		
Other taxes		11,526,170	10,692,164			11,526,170	10,692,164		
Unrestricted grants & contributions		15,573	14,945			15,573	14,945		
Investment earnings		2,074,008	1,404,140	14,184,748	7,881,097	16,258,756	9,285,237		
Other	_			119,501		119,501	_		
Total revenues		43,212,342	42,353,511	230,152,537	206,540,063	273,364,879	248,893,574		
Expenses									
Public safety		11,992,224	11,588,247			11,992,224	11,588,247		
Public works		10,185,328	9.763,569			10,185,328	9,763,569		
Health & social services		982,108	951,645			982,108	951,645		
Culture & recreation		6,147,047	5,667,626			6,147,047	5,667,626		
Community & economic development		3,404,127	2,743,874			3,404,127	2,743,874		
General government		2,281,674	2,206,713			2,281,674	2,206,713		
Capital projects		41,834	732,402			41,834	732,402		
Interest on long-term debt		1,532,782	1,548,265			1,532,782	1,548,265		
Mary Greeley Medical Center			-,,	135,819,426	122,828,311	135,819,426	1,348,203		
Electric Utility				40,398,204	38,388,459	40,398,204	38,388,459		
Sewer Utility				6,069,860	5,326,905	6,069,860			
Water Utility				5,811,849	5,468,343	5,811,849	5,326,905		
Storm Sewer Utility				474,425	473,286		5,468,343		
Parking Lot				828,138	777,261	474,425	473,286		
Resource Recovery				3,887,199	3,424,317	828,138	777,261		
Transit				6,911,902	6,280,501	3,887,199	3,424,317		
Ames/ISU Ice Arena				432,532	469,884	6,911,902	6,280,501		
Homewood Golf Course				224,749	•	432,532	469,884		
Total expenses		36,567,124	35,202,341	200,858,284	226,069	224,749	226,069		
	_	30,307,154	33,292,341	200,050,204	183,663,336	237,425,408	218,865,677		
Excess before transfers		6,645,218	7,151,170	29,294,253	22,876,727	35,939,471	30,027,897		
Transfers		231,849	35,964	(231,849)	(35,964)	,,	,,/		
Increase in net assets	s	6,877,067 S	7,187,134 \$	29,062,404 \$	22,840,763 \$	35,939,471 \$	30,027,897		

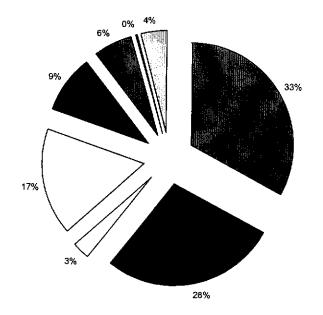
Below are specific graphs which provide comparisons of the governmental activities revenues and functional expenses.

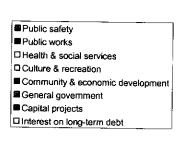
#### Governmental Activities Revenues 2007





Governmental Activities Expenses 2007

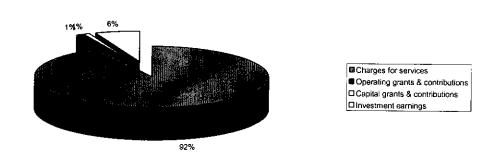




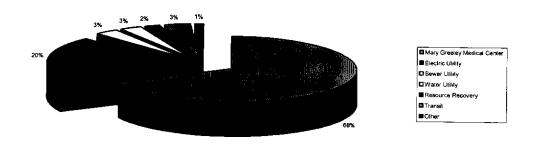
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased net assets by \$29,062,404 accounting for 80.9% of the City of Ames growth in net assets at June 30, 2007. This was 27% more than the 2006 increase in net assets of \$22,840,763. Business-type charges for services increased \$20,019,693 during 2007 or 10.4% over 2006 totals. Investment earnings increased \$6,303,651 or 80.0% during 2007.

The expenses of the business-type activities increased \$17,194,948 or 9.4% over 2006 expenses. Expenses for Mary Greeley Medical Center were 75.5% of this total increase or \$12,991,115. Below are graphs showing the business-type activities revenue and expense comparisons.

**Business-type Activities Revenues 2007** 



**Business-type Activities Expenses 2007** 



#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$27,805,261 at June 30, 2007. This was an increase of \$4,962,114 over the prior year. Approximately sixty-eight percent (\$18,891,803) constitutes unreserved fund balance, an increase of \$4,088,010 over the 2006 fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for encumbrances and endowments, inventories and prepaid items, debt service, and state and grant restricted purposes.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$726,443 or 12.5% leaving a fund balance in excess of 30.9% of current annual expenditures and exceeding the City's goal of 20% of expenditures.

The debt service fund utilized \$168,396 of its fund balance for principal and interest payments during 2007. This planned use of fund balance kept the City's property tax rate for debt service at a lower level than would have been possible without expending the fund balance. The timing of bond issuances and expenditures has allowed the City to maintain a fund balance in debt service in excess of \$1,100,000.

The fund balance of the capital projects fund increased by \$2,881,743 to \$5,110,517 at June 30, 2007. Expenditures were \$4,825,240 or \$130,911 more than 2006 expenditures. Staff retirements and engineering vacancies limited the work that was completed. Bonds issued for capital projects in 2007 totaled \$5,285,000.

**Properietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The combined net assets of the enterprise funds at June 30, 2007 totaled \$357,167,776 of which 36.7% (\$131,038,467) is unrestricted. This is a \$29,078,623 or 8.9% increase over the 2006 net assets of \$328,089,153. The net assets of the internal service funds are \$15,680,992, a \$579,915 increase over the 2006 total net assets. The unrestricted net assets of the internal service funds are \$10,548,276 (67.3%).

The net assets of Mary Greeley Medical Center increased \$21,862,105 to \$171,409,879 or 14.6% over the 2006 net assets of \$149,547,774. The change in net assets includes an increase in investment earnings of approximately \$5,880,000.

The Electric Utility had a \$5,667,209 increase in net assets which is \$2,195,912 more than the 2006 increase in net assets of \$3,471,297. Costs of goods and services increased in 2007 by \$2,431,105 due to planned maintenance of generating equipment, additional unexpected repairs

discovered under planned maintenance, and increased costs for fuel and purchased power. Charges for services increased \$4,051,104 due partially to an increase in the electric rate of 3.5%. This was the first rate increase since 1979. Investment earnings increased \$143,876 due to higher interest rates.

The Sewer Utility had a decrease in net assets of \$939,115 due to a decrease in development activity and the amount of capital contributions from developers. Charges for services in 2007 increased \$152,392 over 2006 levels.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

There were two amendments to the City's 2006-2007 budget. The first amendment was passed in March 2007 to reflect carryovers of capital project expenditures due to good construction weather throughout the year. The budget was amended in May to reflect year-end expenditures and revenues more closely.

*General Fund.* The budget amendments increased the general fund's budgeted expenditures \$245,747. Actual general fund expenses were \$648,234 (2.97%) less than the final budgeted amount of \$21,816,662.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2007, amounts to \$373,045,053 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$10,969,224 or 3.0% above the 2006 investment of \$362,075,829. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements in this report on pages 65 and 66.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year illustrating the diversity of City projects included the following current year amounts rounded to the nearest \$100:

Beach Avenue reconstruction \$1,199,400.

Mortensen Road bike path \$271,600.

WPC plant SCADA system \$293,000.

Resource Recovery air knife system \$1,153,200.

Play equipment, shelter & restroom renovation for parks \$71,400.

Duff Avenue/6<sup>th</sup> Street traffic signal \$132,900.

4 New CyRide buses \$1,111,500.

Auditorium lighting system \$12,600.

Electric 161 kv tie line (ongoing) \$6,165,200.

South Hazel water main \$195,700.

Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

		Governmental Activities				Business-type	Activities	Total			
		2007		2006		2007	2006	2007	2006		
Land	\$	10,863,779	\$	10,397,984	\$	10,019,218 \$	9,882,675 \$	20,882,997 \$	20,280,659		
Other nondepreciable assets		4,355,370		4,255,121				4,355,370	4,255,121		
Depreciable assets		105,255,770		107,264,699		227,327,621	220,194,234	332,583,391	327,458,933		
Construction in progress	_	3,106,865	_	1,045,197	_	12,116,430	9,035,919	15,223,295	10,081,116		
Total	\$_	123,581,784	s_	122,963,001	\$_	249,463,269 \$	239,112,828 \$	373,045,053 \$	362,075,829		

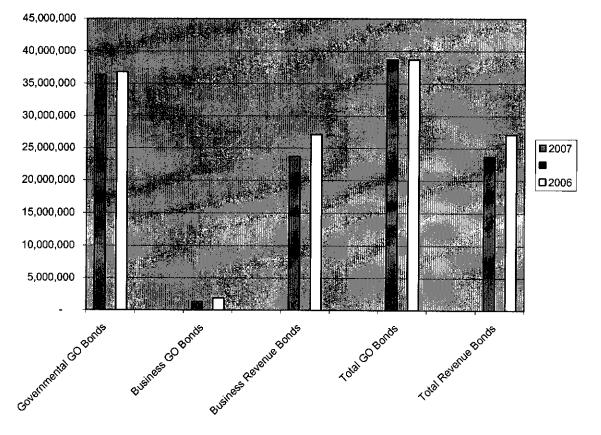
**Long-term Debt.** At the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the City had bonds outstanding of \$61,350,000. General obligation debt was \$37,655,000 and revenue bonds outstanding totaled \$23,685,000. General obligation bonds of \$5,285,000 were issued for the cost of construction, reconstruction and repair of streets and storm sewers in the City.

#### **Outstanding Debt**

		Governmental A	ctivities	Business-type A	Activities	Total		
		2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds	\$ 	36,355,000 \$	36,810,028 \$	1,310,000 \$ 23,685,000	1,879,972 \$ 27,075,000	37,665,000 S 23,685,000	38,690,000 27,075,000	
Total	\$_	36,355,000 \$	36,810,028 \$	24,995,000 S	28,954,972 \$	61,350,000 \$	65,765,000	

Long-term debt amounts (bonds payable) are shown without reference to applicable premiums.

#### **Outstanding Debt**



The City maintains a Aaa rating from Moody's Investor Services on all its general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt an Iowa city may issue to five percent (5%) of the actual assessed valuation at January 1, 2005 related to the 2006-2007 fiscal year. The current debt limitation for the City is \$150,197,523. A portion of the outstanding general obligation debt is abated by revenue sources other than the property tax levy. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements in this report on pages 68 through 71.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's unemployment rate ended the fiscal year at 2.9%, moderately lower than the 3.2% rate for the prior year and under the State of Iowa rate of 3.1% and the 4.6% national rate.

City revenue sources affected by economic activity such as local option sales tax, building permit fees, and road use tax showed slight increases or decreases from the prior year. Building permit revenue is down in 2007 due to decreased single and multi-family home construction.

#### Selected Revenues

	2007	2006	Change		
Local Option Tax	5,995,753	5,321,440	674,313		
Hotel/Motel Tax	1,298,009	1,127,307	170,702		
Road Use Tax	4,244,752	4,243,809	943		
Building Permits	553,924	560,108	(6,184)		

#### Property taxes.

The City continues to enjoy moderate growth in valuation of taxable property. The 2007-08 budget required a \$.18 (1.76%) increase in the property tax rate from \$10.25/\$1,000 of taxable valuation to \$10.43.

This moderate property tax increase is due in part to:

- Continued success in the area of health care cost containment.
- A larger than anticipated fund balance in the general fund has allowed financing of one-time capital items in 2006-2007 rather than raising taxes to support these expenditures.
- The larger than expected fund balance has also allowed utilizing general fund monies to offset the entire 2006-2007 obligation to the retirement plan for police and fire personnel. The normal transfer from the special revenue fund for this expense was not made. This extends the availability of the special revenue fund to mitigate future property tax subsidies for the state-mandated police and fire retirement system.

Utility rates. Rates charged the citizens of Ames by the electric, water, sewer, and resource recovery utilities were not increased for FY 2007-2008. The storm sewer utility budgeted a \$.35 increase in their charge bringing the total monthly storm water fee to \$2.60 per customer.

Requests for information. This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, 515 Clark Avenue, Ames, Iowa, 50010.



Ames Circle of Arts

By William C. Culbertson, 2002

Bandshell Park

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### CITY OF AMES, IOWA

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	Primary Government							
ASSETS		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Component Unit
Current assets:								
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$	35,309,972	\$	21,571,516	\$	56,881,488	\$	550,417
Investments				16,477,185		16,477,185		10,092,055
Taxes receivable		334,083				334,083		
Special assessments receivable		179,584				179,584		
Accounts receivable, net		462,284		27,389,874		27,852,158		
Pledges receivable, net								297,991
Accrued interest receivable		295,238		293,570		588,808		
Intergovernmental receivables		2,834,393		1,759,150		4,593,543		
Internal balances		(4,493,821)		4,493,821				
Inventories		176,561		6,172,526		6,349,087		
Houses held for resale		333,072				333,072		
Prepaid items		91,244		1,866,974		1,958,218		
Total unrestricted current assets	_	35,522,610	_	80,024,616	_	115,547,226	-	10,940,463
Restricted current assets:								
Investments				2,914,003		2,914,003		
Accrued interest receivable				348,280		348,280		
Total restricted current assets	_		_	3,262,283	-	3,262,283	-	<del></del>
Total current assets	_	35,522,610		83,286,899	_	118,809,509	_	10,940,463
Noncurrent assets:								
Long-term investments				1,765,196		1,765,196		
Succeeding year taxes receivable		20,115,841		.,,		20,115,841		
Long-term special assessments receivable		338,509				338,509		
Deferred debt issuance costs		128,193		581,697		709,890		
Capital assets:		,		001,001		100,000		
Land		10,863,779		10,019,218		20,882,997		
Other nondepreciable assets		4,355,370		,,		4,355,370		
Depreciable assets		172,820,084		472,206,764		645,026,848		
Construction in progress		3,106,865		12,116,430		15,223,295		
Less accumulated depreciation		(67,564,314)	(	244,879,143)		(312,443,457)		
Capital assets, net	_	123,581,784		249,463,269	-	373,045,053	-	
Total unrestricted noncurrent assets	_	144,164,327	_	251,810,162	_	395,974,489	-	<del></del>
Restricted noncurrent assets:						<del></del>	_	
Long-term investments		<u> </u>	_	80,416,352	_	80,416,352		
Total noncurrent assets	_	144,164,327		332,226,514	_	476,390,841		
Total assets	_	179,686,937		415,513,413	_	595,200,350	_	10,940,463

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

LIABILITIES	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	1,347,574	12,050,621	13,398,195	07 400
Retainage payable	137,705	822,862	960,567	87,489
Due to other governments	102,420	465,092	567,512	
Compensation and payroll taxes	150,299	3,205,195	3,355,494	
Employee benefits	5,434	8,078,786	8,084,220	
Bonds payable	5,405,000	1,580,000	6,985,000	
Notes payable	0,400,000	27,865	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Interest payable	118,345	•	27,865	
Claims payable	450,000	141,577 220,994	259,922	
Unearned revenue	209,748	•	670,994	
Customer deposits	80,129	5,045	214,793	
Total current liabilities	8,006,654	820,813	900,942	
Total Sarront Habilities	0,000,654	27,418,850	35,425,504	87,489
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Employee benefits	1 622 200	4 000 070		
Bonds payable	1,633,209	1,086,676	2,719,885	
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued	30,950,000	23,415,000	54,365,000	
Deferred charges	244,694	766,469	1,011,163	
Notes payable		(717,273)	(717,273)	
Due to other governments				
Supposition was a supposed				
Succeeding year unearned revenue	20,115,841		20,115,841	
Claims payable		298,335	298,335	
Landfill postclosure costs		<u>5</u> 51,885	551,885	
Total noncurrent liabilities	52,943,744	25,401,092	78,344,836	
Total liabilities	60,950,398	52,819,942	113,770,340	87,489
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted: Expendable for:	90,093,683	224,440,404	314,534,087	
Debt service	1,107,194	1 605 740	0.000.00	
Capital improvements	2,866,899	1,695,740	2,802,934	
State and grant purposes			2,866,899	
Mary Greeley Medical Center	1,890,604		1,890,604	
Nonexpendable for:				6,641,344
Perpetual care	945 000			
Bliss Cancer Endowment Fund	815,966		815,966	
Unrestricted	24 062 402	400 557 00-		242,758
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	21,962,193	136,557,327	158,519,520	3,968,872
Total net assets	\$ <u>118,736,539</u> \$	362,693,471	\$481,430,010	\$ 10,852,974

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

			P	rogram Revenues	
				Operating	
			Charges for	Grants and	
Functions		Expenses	Services	Contributions	
Primary government:					
Governmental activities:					
Public safety	\$	11,992,224	2,201,516	209,034	
Public works		10,185,328	198,745	328,882	
Health and social services		982,108		020,002	
Culture and recreation		6,147,047	1,020,870	363,416	
Community and economic development		3,404,127	216,531	1,693,913	
General government		2,281,674	816,844	1,000,010	
Capital projects		41.834	1,384		
Interest on long-term debt		1,532,782	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	_	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Total governmental activities	-	36,567,124	4,455,890	2,595,245	
Business-type activities:					
Mary Greeley Medical Center		135,819,426	145,181,175	156,468	
Electric Utility		40,398,204	46,307,158	150,400	
Sewer Utility		6,069,860	4,760,282		
Water Utility		5,811,849	6,394,051		
Storm Sewer Utility		474,425	676,692		
Parking Lot		828,138	685,500		
Resource Recovery		3,887,199	4.072.777		
Transit		6,911,902	3,793,525	1,509,214	
Ames/ISU Ice Arena		432,532	389,163	1,508,214	
Homewood Golf Course		224,749	198,124		
	_		130,124	<del></del>	
Total business-type activities	_	200,858,284	212,458,447	1,665,682	
Total primary government	\$	237,425,408 \$	216,914,337	4,260,927	
Component unit:					
Mary Greeley Medical Center Foundation	•	700 741			
many Orderey Medical Center Foundation	\$ _	700,511	\$	1,263,186	

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Road use tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Investment earnings

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Total net assets at beginning of year

Total net assets at end of year

Capital							
Grants and	Governmental	FI	imary Governme Business-type	en	τ		Component
Contributions	Activities		Activities		Total		Component Unit
155,036	\$ (9,426,638)			\$	(9,426,638)		
825,878	(8,831,823)			*	(8,831,823)		
	(982,108)				(982,108)		
91,773	(4,670,988)				(4,670,988)		
	(1,493,683)				(1,493,683)		
2 450 024	(1,464,830)				(1,464,830)		
2,158,931	2,118,481				2,118,481		
	(1,532,782)				(1,532,782)		
3,231,618	(26,284,371)	,	<del></del> .		(26,284,371)		
		\$	9,518,217		9,518,217		
		Ψ	5,908,954		5,908,954		
114,352			(1,195,226)		(1,195,226)		
140,352			722,554		722,554		
			202,267		202,267		
			(142,638)		(142,638)		
			185,578		185,578		
1,449,455			(159,708)		(159,708)		
20,000			(23,369)		(23,369)		
		-	(26,625)	-	(26,625)		
1,724,159		-	14,990,004		14,990,004		
\$4,955,777	_(26,284,371)		14,990,004		(11,294,367)		
		Ī		-			
\$96,370						\$	659,045
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						,	
	19,313,838				19,313,838		
	7,281,418				7,281,418		
	4,244,752				4,244,752		
	15,573				15,573		
	2,074,008		14,184,748		16,258,756		1,412,064
	231,849		119,501		119,501		
	33,161,438	_	(231,849) 14,072,400	-	47,233,838		1,412,064
	6,877,067		29,062,404	_	35,939,471		2,071,109
	111,859,472	_	333,631,067	_	445,490,539		8,781,865
\$	118,736,539 \$	_	362,693,471 \$	; =	481,430,010	\$	10,852,974

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS		General		Debt Service	-	Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Cash and pooled cash investments Taxes receivable Special assessments receivable	\$	5,121,004 196,805	\$	983,707 115,871	\$	4,874,996	\$	14,138,110 21,407	\$	25,117,817 334,083
Accounts receivable		004.000				179,584				179,584
Accrued interest receivable		294,026 120,910		7.646		40.470		26,299		320,325
Intergovernmental receivables		138,301		7,616		46,173		40,018		214,717
Due from other funds		1,148,991				821,423		1,866,169		2,825,893
Inventories		30,724				627,997		164,754		1,941,742
Houses held for resale		30,724						83,964		114,688
Prepaid items		39,054						333,072		333,072
Succeeding year taxes receivable		11,717,141		7 104 001				2,737		41,791
Long-term special assessments receivable	_	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	7,104,001	_	338,509		1,294,699		20,115,841 338,509
Total assets	\$_	18,806,956	\$_	8,211,195	\$_	6,888,682	\$_	17,971,229	\$_	51,878,062
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	202,846			\$	521,559	\$	210,033	\$	934,438
Retainage payable						123,267		14,438	•	137,705
Due to other governments		70,151						1,807		71,958
Compensation and payroll taxes		92,781				2,926		40,804		136,511
Due to other funds		171,246				791,904		1,003,457		1,966,607
Deferred revenue		6,646				338,509		284,457		629,612
Succeeding year deferred revenue		11,717,141	\$	7,104,001				1,294,699		20,115,841
Customer deposits	_		_		_			80,129		80,129
Total liabilities	_	12,260,811	_	7,104,001	_	1,778,165	_	2,929,824	_	24,072,801
Fund balances:										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances		187,168				2,999,835		388,518		3,575,521
Perpetual care Inventories								815,966		815,966
Houses held for resale		30,724						83,964		114,688
Prepaid items		00.054						333,072		333,072
Debt service		39,054		4 40				520		39,574
State and grant restricted purpose				1,107,194						1,107,194
Unreserved:								1,890,604		1,890,604
Designated for subsequent year's										
expenditures in capital projects fund										
Designated for subsequent year's						51,377				51,377
expenditures in nonmajor special										
revenue funds										
Unreserved, reported in:								985,462		985,462
General fund		6,289,199								
Capital projects fund		0,203,133				0.050.005				6,289,199
Nonmajor special revenue funds						2,059,305		40 E40 000		2,059,305
Total fund balances		6,546,145		1,107,194	_	5,110,517	_	10,543,299 15,041,405	_	10,543,299 27,805,261
	_				_	-, -,-,-	_			,000,201

# RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

Fund balances - total governmental funds \$	27,805,261
	•
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Land Other nondepreciable assets	10,863,779 4,355,370
Depreciable assets	160,875,223
Construction in progress  Less: accumulated depreciation	3,106,865 (60,745,334)
	118,455,903
Debt issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds	128,193
Hotel/Motel taxes collected after year-end are not available soon enough	
to pay for the current period's expenditures and are reported as deferred revenue in the funds; 28.6% is accrued for the government-wide	81,355
	01,550
Long-term special assessments receivable are not considered available to pay for the curent period's expenditures and are reported as deferred	
revenue in the funds.	338,509
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet services and acquisition, data processing and telecommunications, and health, workers compensation and other insurance to individual funds:	
Current assets	10,886,685
Depreciable assets Less: accumulated depreciation	11,944,861
Current liabilities	(6,818,980) (983,735)
Long-term liabilities	(123,269)
-	14,905,562
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Interest payable on general obligation bonds  Long-term employee benefits payable	(118,345)
General obligation bonds payable	(1,509,940) (36,355,000)
Unamortized premiums on bonds sold	(244,694)
<del>-</del>	(38,227,979)
Internal balance due to integration of internal service funds	(4,750,265)
Net assets of governmental activities	118,736,539

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		General	Debt Service	Capital Projects
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$	11,125,698	\$ 6,898,663	
Special assessments				\$ 139,570
Licenses and permits		983,238		
Intergovernmental		281,061	42,498	2,138,226
Charges for services		3,018,030		
Fines and forfeits  Donations		191,626		
		5,545		
Investment earnings		951,743	178,386	234,626
Miscellaneous	_	145,397		1,384
Total revenues	-	16,702,338	7,119,547	2,513,806
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety		11,776,266		
Public works		1,183,882	315,000	
Health and social services		134,998	010,000	
Culture and recreation		5,435,394		
Community and economic development		600,254		
General government		2,037,634		
Capital projects		2,001,004		4,825,240
Debt service:				4,023,240
Principal retirement			5,740,028	
Interest and fiscal charges			1,557,501	
Total expenditures	-	21,168,428	7,612,529	4,825,240
Fig. 41.51	_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	_	(4,466,090)	(492,982)	(2,311,434)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Issuance of bonds				E 205 000
Premiums on debt issued			73,086	5,285,000
Transfers in		6,453,433	251,500	407.045
Transfers out		(1,260,900)	231,300	197,815
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	5,192,533	324,586	(289,638)
(2000)	_	0,102,000	324,300	5,193,177
Net change in fund balances		726,443	(168,396)	2,881,743
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	5,819,702	1,275,590	2,228,774
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	6,546,145	1,107,194	\$5,110,517

_		
	Other	Total
	Governmental	Governmental
	Funds	Funds
\$	1,289,477	\$ 19,313,838
•	1,200,111	139,570
	19 547 747	983,238
	13,547,717	16,009,502
	189,108	3,207,138
		191,626
	212,488	218,033
	360,688	1,725,443
	56,213	202,994
	15,655,691	41,991,382
	120,698	11,896,964
	3,257,949	4,756,831
	847,065	982,063
	465,256	5,900,650
	2,803,967	
		3,404,221
	108,349	2,145,983
	1,440,242	6,265,482
		5,740,028
		1,557,501
-	9,043,526	42,649,723
-	<u> </u>	
_	6,612,165	(658,341)
		5,285,000
		73,086
	174,246	7,076,994
	(5,264,087)	(6,814,625)
	(5,089,841)	5,620,455
	1,522,324	4,962,114
_	13,519,081	22,843,147
\$_	15,041,405	27,805,261

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. In the government-wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Current additions to capital assets  Current deletion of capital assets  Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources. Depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.  Current depreciation  Current elimination of depreciation on deleted assets  Debt issuance costs do not require the use of current financial resources; they are amortized over the life of the debt.  Current year amortization of debt issuance costs is not shown as an expenditure in governmental funds.  Hotel/Motel taxes collected after year-end are shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.  Prior year accrued Hotel/Motel taxes are shown as revenue in the funds and not in the government-wide statements.  The change in long-term special assessments receivable is shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.	\$ 4,962,114
activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Current additions to capital assets  Current deletion of capital assets  Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources. Depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.  Current depreciation  Current elimination of depreciation on deleted assets  Debt issuance costs do not require the use of current financial resources; they are amortized over the life of the debt.  Current year amortization of debt issuance costs is not shown as an expenditure in governmental funds. Hotel/Motel taxes collected after year-end are shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.  Prior year accrued Hotel/Motel taxes are shown as revenue in the funds and not in the government-wide statements.  The change in long-term special assessments receivable is shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.	
Current deletion of capital assets  Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources. Depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.  Current depreciation  Current elimination of depreciation on deleted assets  Debt issuance costs do not require the use of current financial resources; they are amortized over the life of the debt.  Current year amortization of debt issuance costs is not shown as an expenditure in governmental funds.  Hotel/Motel taxes collected after year-end are shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.  Prior year accrued Hotel/Motel taxes are shown as revenue in the funds and not in the government-wide statements.  The change in long-term special assessments receivable is shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.	
but does not require the use of current financial resources. Depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.  Current depreciation  Current elimination of depreciation on deleted assets  Debt issuance costs do not require the use of current financial resources; they are amortized over the life of the debt.  Current year amortization of debt issuance costs is not shown as an expenditure in governmental funds.  Hotel/Motel taxes collected after year-end are shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.  Prior year accrued Hotel/Motel taxes are shown as revenue in the funds and not in the government-wide statements.  The change in long-term special assessments receivable is shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.	7,482,086 (813,721)
Current elimination of depreciation on deleted assets  Debt issuance costs do not require the use of current financial resources; they are amortized over the life of the debt.  Current year amortization of debt issuance costs is not shown as an expenditure in governmental funds.  Hotel/Motel taxes collected after year-end are shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.  Prior year accrued Hotel/Motel taxes are shown as revenue in the funds and not in the government-wide statements.  The change in long-term special assessments receivable is shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.	
Current year amortization of debt issuance costs is not shown as an expenditure in governmental funds.  Hotel/Motel taxes collected after year-end are shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.  Prior year accrued Hotel/Motel taxes are shown as revenue in the funds and not in the government-wide statements.  The change in long-term special assessments receivable is shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.	(6,003,921) 444,185
Hotel/Motel taxes collected after year-end are shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.  Prior year accrued Hotel/Motel taxes are shown as revenue in the funds and not in the government-wide statements.  The change in long-term special assessments receivable is shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.	17,407
Prior year accrued Hotel/Motel taxes are shown as revenue in the funds and not in the government-wide statements.  The change in long-term special assessments receivable is shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.	(22,931)
The change in long-term special assessments receivable is shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.	81,355
and revenue in the government-wide statements.	(93,699)
	(118,865)
Premiums on bonds sold are not current financial resources. They are used to reduce the amount of interest expense and amortized over the life of the bonds issued.	(73,086)
Current year amortization of premiums is not shown as a revenue. It is used to reduce current year interest expense.	30,541
ong-term employee benefits are reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets. They do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(65,262)
Sond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the government-wide statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds. Repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the government-wide statement of net assets.	
Bond proceeds from issuances Payments on long-term debt	(5,285,000) 5,740,028
nterest expense on long-term debt is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets. It does not require the use of current financial resources. This interest expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	
Reversal of prior year accrued interest on general obligation bonds Interest payable on general obligation bonds at year-end	118,047 (118,345)
nternal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet services and acquisition, data processing and telecommunications, and health, workers compensation, and other insurance to individual funds. The revenues and expenses of the internal service funds are divided between the governmental funds and business-type funds according to their proportion of usage.	
Portion of internal service funds	 596,134
hange in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 6,877,067



Bouquet

By V. Skip Willets, 2007

Brookside Park Near Tennis Courts

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2007

	Business-type Activities					
		Enterprise Funds				
	Mary Greeley					
	Medical	Electric	Sewer			
ASSETS	Center	Utility	Utility			
Current assets:						
Cash and pooled cash investments \$	5,823,646	\$ 1,541,740 \$	4,649,124			
Investments	,	16,477,185				
Accounts receivable, net	20,281,159	5,382,390	490,438			
Accrued interest receivable	. ,	174,293	37,421			
Intergovemmental receivables		1,039,652	10.724			
Due from other funds		166,143	17,832			
Inventories	2,370,820	3,434,233	11,002			
Prepaid items	1,043,883	8,590	54			
Total unrestricted current assets	29,519,508	28,224,226	5,205,593			
Total diffusition darion assets	23,313,300	20,227,220	3,203,333			
Restricted current assets:						
Investments	2,709,503	204,500				
Accrued interest receivable	348,280	•				
Total restricted current assets	3,057,783	204,500				
Total current assets	32,577,291	28,428,726	5,205,593			
rotal outlone assots	32,377,231	20,420,720	3,203,393			
Noncurrent assets:						
Long-term investments		1,765,196				
Accounts receivable						
Deferred debt issuance costs, net	563,404	8,878				
Capital assets:						
Land	4,774,987	1,332,396	1,910,222			
Land improvements	960,371	.,,	*,********			
Plant and distribution systems	,	147,081,273	68,250,602			
Buildings	95,207,982	, ,	55,255,552			
Equipment	75,666,643					
Construction in progress	1.768.432	9.388.342	382,578			
Less accumulated depreciation	(79,041,701)	(100,453,761)	(31,638,635)			
Capital assets, net	99,336,714	57,348,250	38,904,767			
Total unrestricted noncurrent assets	99,900,118	59,122,324	38,904,767			
Postrioted panel mont exects.						
Restricted noncurrent assets:	00 440 056					
Long-term investments	80,416,352		<u> </u>			
Total noncurrent assets	180,316,470	59,122,324	38,904,767			
Total assets	212,893,761	87,551,050	44,110,360			

	En	terp	rise Funds (cont	inue	id)		
			Other				internal
	Water		Enterprise				Service
	Utility		Funds		Totals	_	Funds
\$	5,609,290	\$	3,725,214	\$	21,349,014	\$	10,414,657
					16,477,185		
	718,494		517,393		27,389,874		141,959
	44,322		31,541		287,577		86,514
	370		708,404		1,759,150		8,500
	16,156		55,738		255,869		333,822
	165,952		201,521		6,172,526		61,873
	364	_	1,237		1,054,128	_	862,299
	6,554,948	_	5,241,048		74,745,323	_	11,909,624
					2,914,003		
		_			348,280		
		_			3,262,283	_	
	6,554,948	_	5,241,048		78,007,606		11,909,624
					1,765,196		
			9,415		581,697		
	581,413		1,420,200		10,019,218		
			1,573,063		2,533,434		180,852
	47,660,272				262,992,147		
			20,853,205		116,061,187		551,493
			14,939,683		90,606,326		11,226,186
	185,442		391,636		12,116,430		
	(15,750,038)		(17,988,173)		(244,872,308)		(6,825,815)
-	32,677,089	_	21,189,614	-	249,456,434	_	5,132,716
-	32,677,089	_	21,199,029	-	251,803,327	_	5,132,716
-				_		_	· · · · · ·
_					80,416,352		
_	32,677,089		21,199,029		332,219,679	_	5,132,716
	39,232,037		26,440,077		410,227,285	_	17,042,340
_			• • • •		, , , , , , , ,	_	
							(continued)

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Business-type Activities -					
		Enterprise Funds				
	Mary Greeley					
LIABILITIES	Medical	Electric	Sewer			
	Center	Utility	Utility			
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	6,060,493	5,061,101	133,436			
Retainage payable	444,813	246,128	27,146			
Due to other governments		336,919	7,845			
Compensation and payroll taxes	2,927,196	118,391	5,992			
Employee benefits	8,017,164	28,884	6,752			
Due to other funds		266,562	86,446			
Bonds payable	1,030,000	100,000				
Notes payable	27,865					
Interest payable	88,026	49,730				
Claims payable						
Uneamed revenue						
Customer deposits		820,813				
Total current liabilities	18,595,557	7,028,528	267,617			
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Employee benefits		511,825	134,756			
Bonds payable	22,555,000		·			
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued	712,981	8,288				
Deferred charges	(677,991)	(11,023)				
Claims payable	298,335	, ,				
Landfill postclosure costs	,					
Total noncurrent liabilities	22,888,325	509,090	134,756			
Total liabilities	41,483,882	7,537,618	402,373			
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	75,723,849	57,248,250	38,904,767			
Restricted for debt service		103,000				
Unrestricted	95,686,030	22,662,182	4,803,220			
Total net assets	\$ <u>171,409,879</u> \$	80,013,432 \$	43,707,987			

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to business-type activities.

Net assets of business-type activities

Business-type Activities -	
Enterprise Funds (continued)	

	E111	Other	eu)	Internal
	Water	Enterprise		Service
	Utility	Funds	Totals	Funds
	•			
	271,065	446,132	11,972,227	491,530
	95,667	9,108	822,862	
	21,973	98,355	465,092	30,462
	20,948	131,415	3,203,942	15,041
	8,462	17,125	8,078,387	5,833
	105,529	90,385	548,922	15,904
		450,000	1,580,000	
			27,865	
		3,821	141,577	
				670,994
		5,045	5,045	
		·	820,813	
_	523,644	1,251,386	27,666,732	1,229,764
_				
	161,744	270,036	1,078,361	131,584
		860,000	23,415,000	
		45,200	766,469	
		(28,259)	(717,273)	
		,	298,335	
		551,885	551,885	
_	161,744	1,698,862	25,392,777	131,584
-				
	685,388	2,950,248	53,059,509	1,361,348
_				
	32,677,089	19,879,614	224,433,569	5,132,716
			1,695,740	
	5,869,560	3,610,215	131,038,467	10,548,276
_				
\$	38,546,649	\$ 23,489,829 \$	357,167,776	\$ 15,680,992
=				<del></del>

5,525,695 \$ 362,693,471

(concluded)

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Mary Greeley Medical Center	Electric Utility	Sewer Utility		
Operating revenues:		-			
Charges for goods and services	\$ <u>145,181,175</u> \$	46,307,158 \$	4,760,282		
Operating expenses:					
Cost of goods and services	106,256,012	35,773,387	3,664,745		
Administration	18,183,089	798,470	506,215		
Depreciation	10,238,740	3,737,249	1,895,237		
Total operating expenses	134,677,841	40,309,106	6,066,197		
Operating income (loss)	10,503,334	5,998,052	(1,305,915)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Investment earnings	12,224,387	1,179,135	252,448		
Interest expense	(1,141,585)	(85,363)			
Restricted donations	10,190				
Federal, state, and other operating grants	146,278				
Costs reimbursed by contract participants					
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	119,501				
Total nonoperating revenues	11,358,771	1,093,772	252,448		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	21,862,105	7,091,824	(1,053,467)		
Capital contributions			114,352		
Transfers in		30,520			
Transfers out		(1,455,135)			
Change in net assets	21,862,105	5,667,209	(939,115)		
Total net assets at beginning of year	149,547,774	74,346,223	44,647,102		
Total net assets at end of year	\$ 171,409,879 \$	80,013,432 \$	43,707,987		

Change in net assets

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to business-type activities

Change in net assets of business-type activities

Business	-type	Activities	-
	F 4 -		

		_		
Totals	otals			Internal Service Funds
211,843	,843,49	3_	\$_	10,774,624
160,527	,527,50	1		9,807,107
20,732	,732,470	)		
18,293	,293,933	2		955,920
199,553	,553,90	3		10,763,02
12,289	,289,590	<u>)                                    </u>	_	11,59
14 184	.184,748	a		557,609
	,288,162			001,000
	10.190	-		
	,655,492			
614	614,954	1		
119	119,501	l		41,22
15,296	,296,723	3		598,83
27,586	,586,313	3		610,43
1,724	,724,159	)		
1,223	,223,286	រ		
(1,455	,455,135	<u>5)</u>	<u></u>	(30,520
29,078	,078,623	}		579,91
328,089	,089,153	3_		15,101,07
357,167	,167,776	<u>:</u>	\$	15,680,99

\$ 29,078,623

(16,219)

29,062,404

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Bus	siness-type Activities Enterprise Funds	-
	_	Mary Greeley Medical Center	Electric Utility	Sewer Utility
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$	400 040 070 - 6	4C 074 400	4 700 444
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	Ф	133,243,876 \$ (60,459,758)	46,071,433 \$ (28,545,918)	4,792,111 (1,404,916)
Payments to employees		(63,003,536)	(7,115,114)	(1,883,396)
Payments for interfund services used		(00,000,000)	(1,400,834)	(794,500)
Other receipts	_	11,609,903	(1,400,004)	(194,500)
Net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities	-	21,390,485	9,009,567	709,299
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Principal received on advances to other funds Interest received on advances to other funds Operating grants Costs reimbursed by contract participants Transfers in Transfers out	_	146,278	30,520 (1,455,135)	
Net cash provided by (used in)				
noncapital financing activities	_	146,278	(1,424,615)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Principal paid on revenue bond maturities		(1,530,000)	(1,860,000)	
Principal paid on general obligation bond maturities			(80,067)	
Interest paid and other fiscal charges		(1,124,501)		
Purchases of capital assets		(15,643,873)	(9,112,440)	(700,940)
Principal paid on notes payable		(255,960)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Restricted donations		1,542,983		
Capital contributions	_	10,190		<u> </u>
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(17,001,161)	(11,052,507)	(700,940)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of investments		(55,750,174)	(50,182,130)	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		47,276,578	50,688,158	
Interest on investments and pooled cash	_	2,170,916	1,161,124	250,885
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(6,302,680)	1,667,152	250,885

Business-type Activities -

	Enterprise Funds (continued)				
	Water Utility	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds	
\$	6,456,832	9,141,206 \$	199,705,458	\$ 10,642,694	
	(1,281,892)	(4,005,735)	(95,698,219)	(7,560,493)	
	(2,092,178)	(6,001,829)	(80,096,053)	(1,546,172)	
	(1,109,386)	(1,069,014)	(4,373,734)	(517,407)	
_			11,609,903		
_	1,973,376	(1,935,372)	31,147,355	1,018,622	
				2,149	
				43	
		1,509,214	1,655,492		
		614,954	614,954		
		1,192,766	1,223,286		
			(1,455,135)	(30,520)	
_		3,316,934	2,038,597	(28,328)	
	(73,790)		(3,463,790)		
	(2,580)	(496,181)	(578,828)		
		(63,217)	(1,187,718)		
	(1,685,195)	(2,808,029)	(29,950,477)	(762,004)	
	,	, , , , ,	(255,960)	, , ,	
			1,542,983	341,717	
			10,190	<b>,</b>	
_		1,469,455	1,469,455		
_	(1,761,565)	(1,897,972)	(32,414,145)	(420,287)	
			(105,932,304)		
			97,964,736		
	303,957	226,008	4,112,890	550,996	
_			.,	000,330	
	303,957	226,008	(3,854,678)	550,996	

(continued)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	•	Mary Greeley Medical Center	Electric Utility	Sewer Utility
Net change in cash and pooled cash investments		(1,767,078)	(1,800,403)	259,244
Cash and pooled cash investments at beginning of year	-	7,590,724	3,342,143	4,389,880
Cash and pooled cash investments at end of year	\$ <u>_</u>	5,823,646 \$	1,541,740 \$	4,649,124
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	10,503,334 \$	5,998,052 \$	(1,305,915)
Depreciation expense		10,238,740	3,737,249	1,895,237
Changes in: Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivables Due from other funds		(170,194)	(269,004) 45,007	40,551 (9,013) 291
Inventories Prepaid items Accounts payable Due to other governments Accrued expenses		63,583 (282,145) 180,436 856,731	(88,081) (314,110) (2,501) (489,041) 239,689 28,582	(26) 77,076 4,671 (1,749)
Due to other funds Claims payable Unearned revenue Customer deposits Landfill postclosure costs	_		47,372 76,353	8,176 
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ <sub>=</sub>	21,390,485 \$_	9,009,567 \$	709,299
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND CA	APITAL	. FINANCING ACTI	VITIES:	
Unrealized increases (decreases) in the fair value of investments	\$_	6,844,543 \$_	93,944 \$	30,167
Noncash capital asset contributions			\$	114,352
Outstanding note obligations on assets acquired	\$_	27,865	_	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital asset trade-ins

Business-type Activities -

	Enterprise Funds (continued)				
	Water Utility	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	_	Internal Service Funds
	515,768	(290,402)	(3,082,871)		1,121,003
_	5,093,522	4,015,616	24,431,885		9,293,654
\$_	5,609,290 \$	3,725,214 \$	21,349,014	\$_	10,414,657
\$	586,637 \$	(3,492,518) \$	12,289,590	\$	11,597
	1,037,701	1,385,005	18,293,932		955,920
	67,156 (130) (4,245) 38,293 (364) 218,541 5,399 15,880 8,508	(23,470) (50,542) 14,591 (4,777) 9,800 289,379 (71,962) 9,477 15,714 (200)	(354,961) (14,678) (77,444) (217,011) (275,236) 276,391 177,797 908,921 79,770 (200) 76,353		(121,386) 14,792 (25,336) (1,212) (38,701) 279,145 (1,622) 13,570 539 (68,684)
 \$	1,973,376 \$	(15,869) (1,935,372) \$	(15,869) 31,147,355	\$ <u></u>	1,018,622
\$ \$	36,394 \$	25,225 \$_ \$_	7,030,273 254,704	\$ <u></u>	67,587
		\$_	27,865	\$_	39,950
					(concluded)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$ 190,621
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable  Due to other governments	\$ 21,742 168,879
Total liabilities	\$ 190,621

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Ames, Iowa (City) was incorporated in 1869 under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended in July 1975 under the Home Rule City Act. The City operates under a council-manager form of government. The accompanying financial statements present the government entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City operates a non-profit municipal hospital, Mary Greeley Medical Center. A separately elected board of trustees governs the municipal hospital's daily operations. The powers of the trustees are established by City ordinance which limits both the separate legal standing and fiscal independence of the hospital, therefore it is included as part of the primary government.

The financial statements are formatted to allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component units. The Mary Greeley Medical Center Foundation ("Foundation") is a legally separate, component unit of the hospital. It is considered a component unit of the city because the majority of resources or income thereon that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the Mary Greeley Medical Center by the donors. The Foundation's financial statements are available from Mary Greeley Medical Center.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, service or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The City has not allocated indirect costs separately in the government-wide statement of activities because the allocation is automatic. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for the individual functions, programs, and activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, other taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the City's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The capital projects fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other fixed assets, with the exception of those that are financed through proprietary fund types.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Mary Greeley Medical Center fund accounts for the operation of a municipally owned, full-service medical care hospital.

The electric utility fund accounts for the operation of a municipally owned electric plant, which generates and distributes electrical power to customers within the City and some contiguous areas.

The sewer utility fund accounts for the activities related to the operation of a sanitary distribution system and the sewer treatment plant.

The water utility fund accounts for the operation of the City owned water plant, which provides water services to residents of the City and some contiguous areas.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for the operations of fleet services and acquisitions, data processing and telecommunications, workers' compensation and general insurance, and health insurance for City employees. These services are provided to other departments and agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Agency funds function as a clearing mechanism for payroll taxes and employee flexible benefits. They apply the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus.

A permanent fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water, sewer and electric utility functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

The City is authorized by state statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council and the Treasurer of the State of Iowa; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; and certain joint investment trusts.

Investments are carried at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust are valued at amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The City has several nonmajor special revenue funds which have investment interest income and/or net increases (decreases) in fair value which have been assigned to the City's General Fund.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between the internal service funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the non-current portion of interfund loans).

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All utility customer accounts receivable and Mary Greeley Medical Center patient accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property tax receivables are

shown at a gross amount since they are assessable to the property and collectible upon sale of the assessed property.

Property taxes are levied on July 1 prior to the fiscal year for which the taxes are to be collected. They become an enforceable lien against the property when they are officially levied. Property taxes are payable in installments with one-half due September 30 and one-half due March 31. The City recognizes a succeeding year receivable and deferred revenue for taxes levied on July 1 of the current fiscal year that will not be collected until the next fiscal year.

Special assessments receivable are recorded at the time of their levy.

Net patient service revenue of Mary Greeley Medical Center (MGMC) is reported at the estimated net realizable amount from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered. Retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

MGMC provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its financial assistance policy without charge or at amounts less than established rates. Because MGMC does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as financial assistance, they are not reported as net patient service revenue.

Charity care is also provided through reduced price services and free programs offered throughout the year based on activities and services Mary Greeley Medical Center believes will serve a community health need. These activities include health promotion, health education, civic involvement, research activities, community funding and various health screening programs and are not reflected in the amount reported as charity care in the financial statements.

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

City inventories are maintained on a perpetual basis; materials and supplies and medical supplies and drugs are priced at an average cost, while coal is stated at the lower of cost (firstin, first-out) or market. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased (the consumption method of accounting). Houses held for resale are priced at cost.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 4. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of Mary Greeley Medical Center are restricted for the repayment of debt service and capital improvements. Certain assets of the electric utility fund are restricted for the repayment of debt service.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, traffic signals, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost or estimated historical cost or estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In June 1999, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. Prospective reporting of general infrastructure assets is required beginning at the effective date of Statement 34. The City is required to retroactively report all major general infrastructure assets for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005 but is encouraged to retroactively report these assets at an earlier date. The City has retroactively reported all major general infrastructure assets at June 30, 2006.

Only major general infrastructure assets are required to be retroactively reported. The GASB defined major general infrastructure assets at the network and subsystem levels as percentages of the total assets from the general fixed asset account group at June 30, 1999. The City has not retroactively capitalized the bike path network as its value was determined to be below that determined by the requirements of Statement 34. Sidewalks belong to the property owners and are maintained by them and are not assets of the City.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. No interest expense was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction in connection with Mary Greeley Medical Center construction projects.

Property, plant and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Improvements other than buildings	20-40
Buildings	25-45
Plant and distribution system	25-50
Equipment	3-50
General infrastructure	15-50

#### 6. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave hours (compensated absences), as well as compensatory time for overtime, for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death, or retirement. There is an estimate for a liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave as employees may receive payment for 25% of accumulated hours in excess of 720 upon retirement only. All vacation and compensatory time, and estimated retirement severance are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### 7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest rate method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

State law mandates that annual budgets for funds other than agency, internal service, and permanent funds for the fiscal year beginning July 1 must be certified to the County Auditor no later than March 15, preceding the beginning of the fiscal year.

The review and adoption of an annual budget is handled in accordance with State laws, as there is no City ordinance governing the budget process. Preliminary review of all operating budget requests is conducted by the City Manager at a City government function level. A five-year capital improvements plan is prepared annually. The first-year portion of the plan is

considered as the capital improvements projects budget for the annual budget. The City Manager's budget, considered as a plan of financial operation along with proposed sources of revenues, is presented to the City Council at least six weeks prior to certification. The Council holds hearings with the City Manager, Budget Officer, Department Heads, and Boards and Commissions, as well as a public hearing prior to adopting the budget.

Amendments to the budget are considered twice a year only if revenue sources are available, i.e., unanticipated revenues or budget surpluses. There can be no additional levy of property taxes. The actual amendment process, as prescribed by State law, is identical to the procedures followed for the original budget, including certification. The budgeted amounts presented in the financial statements reflect the original and the revised budget.

Budgets are monitored throughout the fiscal year by function, especially by major classifications such as personal services, capital, contractual, and commodities. Special revenue funds are budgeted at the aggregate fund level. Monthly reports are prepared by function, and major deviations by classification within a function must be approved by the City Manager. The legal level of control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level for all budgeted funds in total. The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information.

The City prepares its budget on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with the following exceptions. The enterprise funds do not budget depreciation expense but do budget for debt service expenditures and capital outlay. Internal service funds are not budgeted. Appropriations as adopted or amended lapse at the end of the fiscal year, and encumbrances are reappropriated for the following fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is used in governmental funds. Encumbrances, made up of purchase orders and contracts, outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances. They do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored in the subsequent year.

#### 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

#### **Deposits**

The City's deposits at June 30, 2007 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using this method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City of Ames. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City of Ames under this method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of Iowa enforces strict

standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits. The City of Ames has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

#### **Investments**

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City of Ames by the City of Ames Investment Policy. The Medical Center is guided by Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and policy as approved by the Board of Trustees in the selection of security investments. The City of Ames Investment Policy considers certificates of deposit as investments and all certificates of deposit purchased by the City of Ames are nonnegotiable. However, under GAAP, nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are cash deposits and not investments. The table also identifies certain provisions of the investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

	Operating Funds	Non-Operating Funds	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	Maturity	Of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
U.S. Agency Securities	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Certificates of Deposit	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Prime Banker's Acceptances	270 Days	270 Days	10%	5%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	270 Days	10%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Constant Dollar Money Market Funds	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Joint Investment Trust	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Warrants or Improvement Certificates	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
of a Levee or Drainage District				
Mutual Funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
U. S. Treasury Notes	17 Years	N/A	N/A	N/A
Corporate Debt Securities	N/A	30 Years	N/A	5%

At June 30, 2007, the City's investment balances were as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	<u>Maturity</u>
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	\$ 16,663	N/A
Federal Agency Coupon Securities	21,412,762	Various 1/28/2008 thru 2/16/2043
Federal Agency Discount Securities	7,420,587	Various 7/13/2007 thru 3/14/2008
Federal Agency Pass Through Securities	5,825,787	Various 12/1/2007 thru 11/1/2010
U.S. Treasury Notes	5,034,268	Various 5/15/2018 thru 8/15/2023
Mutual Funds	47,976,288	N/A
Corporate Debt Securities	20,258,823	Various 9/14/2007 thru 7/10/2039
Total:	\$107,945,178	

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City of Ames manages exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. Investments are purchased with the intent to hold until maturity.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City of Ames' investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City of Ames' investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity in Months							
				12 Months	13 to 24		25 to 60			More Than
Investment Type	<u>Fai</u>	r Value		Or Less		<b>Months</b>		<u>Months</u>		60 Months
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	\$	16,663	\$	16,663						
Federal Agency Coupon Securities	21	,412,762		6,946,182	\$	3,860,046	\$	3,396,321	\$	7,210,213
Federal Agency Discount Securities	7,420,587			7,420,587						
Federal Agency Pass Through Securities	5	,825,787	3,369,535		1,633,834		822,418			
U.S. Treasury Notes	5	,034,268								5,034,268
Mutual Funds	47	,976,288		47,976,288						
Corporate Debt Securities	20	,258,823		5,846,826		346,973		2,342,240		11,722,784
Total	\$ 107	,945,178	\$	71,576,081	\$	5,840,853	\$	6,560,979	\$	23,967,265

The City of Ames' investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above):

Fair Value

	At Year End
Federal Agency Pass Through Securities. These securities are	
subject to early payment in a period of changing interest rates.	\$ 5,825,787
The resultant reduction in expected total cash flows affects the	
fair value of these securities and makes the fair values of these	
securities highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.	

#### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City of Ames will minimize credit risk by using the following measures:

• Limiting investments to those authorized by the investment policy.

- Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with whom the City will do business.
- Diversifying the investment portfolio by agency and issuer so that potential losses on individual securities can be minimized.
- Holding a minimum of 5% of the total portfolio in highly marketable short-term treasuries, checking with interest, government pooled account, or a combination of all three.

Presented below is the actual rating as of year end for each investment type of the City of Ames investment portfolio.

		Ratings as of
Investment Type	Fair Value	Year End
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	\$ 16,663	N/A
Federal Agency Coupon Securities	21,412,762	AAA
Federal Agency Discount Securities	7,420,587	AAA
Federal Agency Pass Through Securities	5,825,787	AAA
U.S. Treasury Notes	5,034,268	N/A
Mutual Funds	47,976,288	N/A
Corporate Debt Securities	20,258,823	<baa-aaa< td=""></baa-aaa<>
Total	\$ 107,945,178	

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The investment policy of the City of Ames provides for limitations approved by City Council on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total City of Ames investments are as follows:

				Percent of
Issuer	Investment Type	Rep	orted Amount	Portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal Agency Securities	\$	5,559,864	5.15%
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Securities		14,801,034	13.71%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Co.	Federal Agency Securities		12,630,477	11.70%

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City of Ames' investment policy contains requirements that limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments by the following measures:

Delivery vs. Payment-All trades, where applicable, will be executed by delivery vs.
payment (DVP) to ensure that securities are deposited in an eligible financial
institution prior to the release of funds. Securities will be held by a third party
custodian as evidenced by safekeeping receipts.

- Bonding-City investment officials shall be bonded to protect loss of public funds against possible embezzlement and/or malfeasance.
- Internal Controls-The Investment Officer is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City of Ames are protected from loss, theft, or misuse.

The internal controls shall address the following points:

- Control of collusion
- Separation of transaction authority from accounting and record keeping
- Custodial safekeeping
- Delivery versus payment
- Clear delegation of authority
- Confirmation of transactions for investments and wire transfers

As of June 30, 2007, The City of Ames' investments in the following investment types were held by the same third party custodian that was used by the City of Ames to buy the securities and evidenced by safekeeping receipts:

Issuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount			
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal Agency Securities	\$	5,559,864		
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Securities		14,801,034		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Co.	Federal Agency Securities		12,630,477		

#### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. As of June 30, 2007, the City of Ames had no exposure to foreign currency rate risk.

#### **Foundation Investments**

The Mary Greeley Medical Center Foundation reports under FASB standards. As such, adoption of GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, was not required by the Foundation and, accordingly, no such disclosures are presented here.

Foundation investments at fair value at June 30, 2007 are summarized as follows:

Equity mutual funds	\$	3,742,094
Bond mutual funds		830,848
U.S. Treasury notes		93,933
Government agencies		279,668
Corporate debt securities		4,475,314
Certificates of deposit		670,198
Total investments	_\$_	10,092,055

#### B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:							•	40.000.770
Land	\$	10,397,984	\$	465,795			\$	10,863,779
Land improvements		1,384,118		0.707.406	\$	675 750		1,384,118
Construction in progress		1,045,197		2,737,426	Ф	675,758		3,106,865
Public art collection		339,553 2,537,393		104,866 358,976		369,536		444,419 2,526,833
Library collection  Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	15,704,245	-	3,667,063		1,045,294	_	18,326,014
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	13,704,243	_	3,007,003		1,043,234	-	10,320,014
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		13,395,258		117,595				13,512,853
Equipment		13,350,009		930,441		999,099		13,281,351
Infrastructure		142,146,232		4,244,699	_	365,051		146,025,880
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	168,891,499	_	5,292,735	_	1,364,150	_	172,820,084
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		6,124,872		331,878				6,456,750
Equipment		7,216,768		1,026,277		658,662		7,584,383
Infrastructure		48,291,103		5,597,129		365,051		53,523,181
Total accumulated depreciation	_	61,632,743	_	6,955,284	_	1,023,713	_	67,564,314
Total documents of providing.	-	0.,000_	_		_	.,,,,	_	0.,00.,07.
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	_	107,258,756	_	(1,662,549)	_	340,437	_	105,255,770
Governmental activitiies								
capital assets, net	\$	122,963,001	\$	2,004,514	\$	1,385,731	\$	123,581,784
,	=		=		-			
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	9,882,675	\$	136,543			\$	10,019,218
Construction in progress		9,035,919		8,907,326	\$_	5,826,815		12,116,430
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	18,918,594	_	9,043,869	_	5,826,815	_	22,135,648
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Plant and distribution systems		253,430,619		9,576,039		14,511		262,992,147
Buildings		111,106,306		5,430,544		475,663		116,061,187
Improvements other than buildings		2,480,589		53,565		720		2,533,434
Equipment		83,877,195		11,795,210		5,052,409		90,619,996
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	450,894,709	_	26,855,358	_	5,543,303	_	472,206,764
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Plant and distribution systems		141,186,758		6,670,188		14,511		147,842,435
Buildings		35,879,505		3,937,055		188,810		39,627,750
Improvements other than buildings		1,219,949		91,968		720		1,311,197
Equipment		52,414,264		7,599,278		3,915,781		56,097,761
Total accumulated depreciation	_	230,700,476	-	18,298,489	_	4,119,822	-	244,879,143
Total applied apple 5-22-2							_	
Total capital assets being		220 104 222		9 556 960		1 400 404		007 207 004
depreciated, net	_	220,194,233	_	8,556,869	_	1,423,481		227,327,621
Business-type activitiies								
capital assets, net	\$_	239,112,827	\$_	17,600,738	\$_	7,250,296	\$_	249,463,269

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Community and economic development General government	<b>\$</b>	422,161 5,867,969 453,797 2,377 208,980
Total depreciation expense governmental activities	\$	6,955,284
Business-type activities:  Mary Greeley Medical Center Electric utility Sewer utility Water utility Storm sewer utility Parking lot Resource Recovery Transit Ames/ISU Ice Arena Homewood golf course	\$	10,238,740 3,740,097 1,895,684 1,038,120 10,537 15,124 357,484 931,720 62,913 8,070
Total depreciation expense business-type activities	\$	18,298,489

The City had active construction projects at June 30, 2007. The commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Sp	pent to Date	Remaining ommitment
Street projects	\$	2,789,751	\$ 4,056,311
Sewer projects		613,923	216,373
Transit garage expansion		148,323	2,441,202
Water projects		1,817,666	1,735,742
Electric projects		6,678,941	2,031,962
Total	\$	12,048,604	\$ 10,481,590

#### C. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Individual interfund balances at June 30, 2007 were as follows:

					Due From					
						<u> </u>	Nonmajor		-	
		General fund	Capital Projects	Electric fund	Sewer fund	Water fund	special revenue	Nonmajor enterprise	Internal Service	Permanent fund
	Total		·							
Due To:										
Major Funds:										
General fund	\$ 1,148,991	\$	161,123 \$	139,626 S	22,483	27,403 \$	733,992 \$	44,704 \$	13,846 \$	5,814
Debt service										
Capital projects	627,997		627,997							
Electric fund	166,143				41,648	45,577	78,918			
Sewer fund	17,832 \$	462		9,143		8,227				
Water fund	16,156		126	16,030						
Nonmajor Funds:										
Nonmajor special revenue	162,588	10,754			5,986	5,985	133,878	5,985		
Nonmajor enterprise	55,738	9,584	1,472	44,609				60	13	
Internal service	333,822	148,280	1,186	57,154	16,329	18,337	50,855	39,636	2,045	
Permanent fund	2,166	2,166						<del></del> .		
Totals	\$ 2,531,433_\$	171,246_\$	791,904 \$	266,562 \$	86,446	105,529 \$	997,643 \$	90,385_\$	15,904 \$	5,814

These balances arise for a variety of reasons, the majority of which are from sales of goods and services and unpaid reimbursable expenses.

Interfund transfers are authorized in the City budget and usually involve transfers from the fund receiving the revenue to the fund through which the authorized expenditure is to be made. An example is the receipt of road use tax funds into the special revenue Road Use Tax Fund and transfer to the Capital Projects Fund where the funds will be spent. Another example is the State requirement that hotel/motel tax funds be receipted into the General Fund where they are then transferred to the special revenue Hotel/Motel Tax Fund for expenditure.

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers by fund type for the year ended June 30, 2007:

				***				Transfers Fro	<u>m</u>		
			General fund		•		Electric fund		Nonmajor ecial revenue	Internal service	
		Total									
Transfer To:											
Major Funds:											
General fund	\$	6,453,433					\$	1,455,135	\$	4,998,298	
Debt service		251,500			\$	179,957				71,543	
Capital projects		197,815	\$	88,134		109,681					
Electric		30,520									\$ 30,520
Nonmajor Funds:											
Nonmajor special revenue funds		174,246								174,246	
Nonmajor enterprise funds	_	1,192,766	_	1,172,766			_			20,000	 
Totals	<u>\$</u>	8,300,280	\$	1,260,900	\$	289,638	<u>\$</u>	1,455,135	\$	5,264,087	\$ 30,520

#### D. Leases and Notes Payable

The City had various leases with third parties for equipment and rental agreements. During the year ended June 30, 2007, \$584,136 was paid. Future minimum payment requirements are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2008	\$ 14,490
2009	14,490
2010	14,490
2011	14,490
2012	12,075
	\$ 70,035

Mary Greeley Medical Center has one five-year note payable secured by major moveable equipment. This note payable carries an interest rate of 4.3% and matures in fiscal year 2008, requiring payments of approximately \$14,000 per month.

At June 30, 2007, future minimum notes payable obligations included \$28,015 consisting of \$27,865 current notes payable and \$150 representing interest due in the year ending June 30, 2008.

#### E. Long-Term Debt

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City and pledge the full faith and credit of the City to their repayment. They have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. These bonds are to be fully paid within 10 to 20 years of the date of issue. The City has also issued revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from certain assets or programs to pay the debt service on these bonds.

Debt service on general obligation bonds is paid from the debt service fund. Revenue bond debt service is paid by the responsible enterprise fund. For the year ended June 30, 2007, Mary Greeley Medical Center paid \$2,647,513 in principal and interest on revenue bonds and the Electric Utility Fund paid \$1,914,150 in revenue bond principal and interest.

Details of bonds payable at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Date of Issue	Interest Rates	Amount Originally Issued	Maturity Date	Outstanding June 30, 2007
General obligation bonds:					
Corporate purpose	6/1998	4.13 - 4.25%	5,130,000	6/2010	1,275,000
Corporate purpose	6/1999	3.60 - 4.45%	4,045,000	6/2011	1,555,000
Corporate & Ice Arena	7/2000	4.75 - 5.15% 5,870,00		6/2012	2,870,000
Corporate purpose	8/2001	4.00 - 4.70%	10,080,000	6/2013	5,330,000
GO refunding	12/2001	2.50 - 3.60%	2,692,520	6/2008	340,000
Fire station	12/2001	2.50 - 4.10%	1,310,000	6/2013	695,000
Ames Quarry	5/2002	4.00 - 5.13%	3,475,000	6/2021	2,805,000
Corporate purpose 2002B	10/2002	2.25 - 3.60%	5,885,000	6/2014	3,640,000
Resource Recovery GO					
refunding 2002C	10/2002	2.50 - 3.50%	3,976,194	6/2010	1,310,000
Corp & Ada Hayden Park	09/2003	1.10 - 3.70%	6,555,000	6/2015	4,360,000
Corp, Fire & Ada Hayden	10/2004	2.75 - 3.25%	6,030,000	6/2014	4,350,000
Corp, Fire & GO refunding	09/2005	3.50 - 3.65%	5,495,000	6/2017	4,125,000
Corporate purpose 2006	10/2006	4.00%	5,285,000	6/2018	5,010,000
Total general obligation be	onds				37,665,000 (a)
Revenue bonds:					
Mary Greeley Medical Cente					
2003 Refunding	6/2003	3.00 - 5.00%	29,385,000	6/2022	23,585,000
Total Mary Greeley Medic	al Center reve	enue bonds			23,585,000
Electric:					
2002D Refunding	10/2002	2.50 - 3.00	7,525,000	1/2008	100,000_
Total Electric revenue bor	ids				100,000
Total revenue bonds					23,685,000 (b)
Total all bonds					\$ 61,350,000

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes unamortized premiums of \$45,200 and unamortized charges arising from refunding of \$28,259.

<sup>(</sup>b) Excludes unamortized premiums of \$721,269 and unamortized charges arising from refunding of \$689,014.

As of June 30, 2007, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

Year ending	General Obligation Bonds							
June 30	Principal	Interest						
2008	5,405,000	1,420,135						
2009	5,200,000	1,218,403						
2010	4,870,000	1,020,362						
2011	4,605,000	827,890						
2012	4,300,000	645,150						
2013-2017	10,425,000	1,304,906						
2018-2021	1,550,000	15 <u>1,240</u>						
Total requirements	\$ 36,355,000	\$ 6,588,086						

Long-term debt amounts above and below are shown without reference to applicable premiums and unamortized costs.

As of June 30, 2007, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

Year ending	(	General Obli	gation	Bonds		Revenue Bonds			onds			
June 30	F	Principal	1	nterest	_	Principal		Interest		Principal	_	Interest
2008	\$	450,000	\$	45,850	\$	1,130,000	\$	1,059,313	\$	1,580,000	\$	1,105,163
2009		435,000		30,100		1,060,000		1,025,412		1,495,000		1,055,512
2010		425,000		14,875		1,090,000		993,613		1,515,000		1,008,488
2011		•				1,340,000		954,862		1,340,000		954,862
2012						1,375,000		912,988		1,375,000		912,988
2013-2017						7,810,000		3,597,000		7,810,000		3,597,000
2018-2022						9,880,000		1,458,675		9,880,000		1,458,675
					_							-
Total requirements	\$	1,310,000	\$	90,825	<u>\$</u>	23,685,000		10,001,863	\$	24,995,000		10,092,688

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2007:

	Balance July 1, 2006	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2007	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: General obligation bonds Employee benefits	\$ 36,810,028 1,564,860	\$ 5,285,000 333,473	\$ (5,740,028) (259,689)	\$ 36,355,000 1,638,644	\$ 5,405,000 5,434
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 38,374,888	\$ 5,618,473	\$ (5,999,717)	\$ 37,993,644	\$ 5,410,434
Business-Type Activities: Revenue bonds	\$ 27,075,000		\$ (3,390,000)	\$ 23,685,000	\$ 1,130,000
General obligation bonds Employee benefits Notes payable Landfill postclosure costs	1,879,972 8,579,142 283,825 567,754	8,734,980	(569,972) (8,148,660) (255,960) (15,869)	1,310,000 9,165,462 27,865 551,885	450,000 8,078,786 27,865
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 38,385,693	\$ 8,734,980	\$ (12,380,461)	\$ 34,740,212	\$ 9,686,651

Typically long-term liabilities of the governmental funds, other than debt, are liquidated by the General Fund.

On September 12, 2006, the City issued \$5,285,000 of general obligation corporate purpose bonds dated October 1, 2006. The proceeds are to be used for the cost of construction, reconstruction and repair of streets and storm sewers in the City.

The true interest cost on the bonds is 3.815026% and the maturity dates on the bonds range from June 1, 2007 through June 1, 2018. Debt service payments are scheduled semiannually at amounts that range from \$415,933 to \$582,400. The bonds maturing in the year June 1, 2015 and thereafter are subject to prior redemption on June 1, 2014 and any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The City had three outstanding contracts between the Iowa Department of Economic Development (IDED) and city business entities for Community Economic Betterment Account (CEBA) loans at June 30, 2007. Although the notes bear the name of the City, the City has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by the business entity upon whose behalf it is issued. Accordingly, the loans are not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

#### F. Restricted Net Assets

The amounts of net assets restricted for payment of debt service in the enterprise funds are as follows:

Mary Greeley Medical Center	\$ 1,592,740
Electric Utility	 103,000
Total restricted for debt service	\$ 1,695,740

#### 4. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains a risk management fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The risk management fund provides workers' compensation coverage for all City employees and funds the deductible for general liability insurance. Commercial insurance is purchased for all other risks of loss.

All funds of the City participate in the workers' compensation insurance program and make payments to the risk management fund based on a charge against employee payroll per \$100. The charge is calculated using the Iowa manual compensation rates and an experience rating.

The risk management fund pays all workers' compensation claims, claim reserves, the deductible for general liability insurance and administrative costs from its revenues and holds excess revenues for reserve against future claims.

The City is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 509 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 300 percent of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The City's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The City's annual contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2007 were \$384,677.00.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$250,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$1,750,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in aggregate per year. For members requiring specific coverage from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000, such excess coverage is also retained. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$100,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured on an individual-member basis.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event that a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. As of June 30, 2007, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100 percent of its capital contributions. However, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.

The City also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with property (buildings and contents) and boiler and machinery coverage. The City assumes liability for any deductibles, and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Changes in the balance of claims liabilities during the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

	2007		2006
Balance at July 1 Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 289,678 657,867 (726,551)	\$	334,727 320,500 (365,549)
Balance at June 30	\$ 220,994	\$_	289,678

The City maintains a separate internal service fund to account for health benefits, becoming self-insured for medical claims effective July 1, 2000. The City carries excess health insurance through the risk pool of Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Iowa in the amount of \$75,000 for specific claims each year and 125% of aggregate claims. The estimated liability for probable losses as recorded in the health benefits fund was:

	2007	2006		
Balance at July 1 Current year claims and changes in estimates	\$ 450,000 4,370,013	\$ 340,000 3.629.329		
Claim payments	 (4,370,013)	 (3,519,329)		
Balance at June 30	\$ 450,000	 450,000		

The Mary Greeley Medical Center carries professional liability insurance on a claims-made policy. Should the claims-made policy not be renewed or replaced with equivalent insurance, claims based on occurrences during its term, but reported subsequently, would be uninsured. Mary Greeley has accrued \$253,372 for professional liability claims that are incurred but not reported as of June 30, 2007.

The Medical Center is self-insured for health care coverage of employees and carries stop-loss insurance coverage for claims in excess of \$175,000 with a maximum aggregate limit of \$1,000,000. Accrued costs related to health care coverage amounted to \$803,300 at June 30, 2007.

As of April 1, 2007 Mary Greeley Medical Center became self-insured for workers' compensation coverage. Stop-loss insurance for claims in excess of \$300,000 per individual claim with a maximum aggregated limit of \$1,000,000 is carried by the medical center.

Changes in the balance of accrued claims for professional liabilities and health care coverage for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, and changes in the balance of accrued claims for workers' compensation coverage from April 1, 2007 through June 30, 2007 for Mary Greeley Medical Center were as follows:

	Professional Liabilities	Health Care	Workers' Compensation
Balance at July 1 Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	2007 2006 \$ 288,173 \$ 250,000 (27,487) 45,097 (7,314) (6,924)	<b>2007 2008</b> \$ 853,700 \$ 654,600 5,481,624 5,421,333 (5,532,024) (5,222,233)	<b>2007</b> 2006 <b>\$</b> - <b>\$</b> - 31,229 - (5,587) -
Balance at June 30	\$ 253,372 \$ 288,173	\$ 803,300 \$ 853,700	\$ 25,642 \$ -

#### **B.** Subsequent Events

On November 1, 2007, the City issued \$9,630,000 of general obligation corporate purpose bonds. Proceeds to be used for the cost of construction, reconstruction and repair of streets and storm sewers in the City total \$5,920,000; \$500,000 will be used for water projects and abated by the water fund; the balance of \$3,210,000 is to be used for construction of an outdoor aquatic center approved by a vote of the citizens.

The true interest cost on the bonds is 3.671% and the maturity dates on the bonds range from June 1, 2008 through June 1, 2019. Debt service payments are scheduled semiannually at amounts that range from \$455,656 to \$1,094,563. The bonds maturing in the year June 1, 2016 and thereafter are subject to prior redemption on June 1, 2015 and any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

#### C. Contingent Liabilities

The City legal department reported to management that, as of June 30, 2007, claims and lawsuits were on file against the City. The City legal department estimates that the potential claims not covered by insurance resulting from these cases would not materially affect the financial position of the City. The City has authority to levy additional taxes (outside the regular limit) to cover cases which result in an uninsured judgment.

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to financial and compliance audits. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be

disallowed by the granting agencies is not determinable at this time; however, City officials do not believe that such amounts would be significant.

The health care industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state and local governments. Compliance with these laws and regulations can be subject to government review and interpretation, as well as regulatory actions unknown and unasserted at this time. Recently, government activity has increased with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations of regulations by health care providers which could result in the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments of previously billed and collected revenues of patient services. Management of the Mary Greeley Medical Center believes that the Mary Greeley Medical Center is in substantial compliance with current laws and regulations.

The Mary Greeley Medical Center is involved in litigation and regulatory audits arising in the normal course of business. It is management's opinion that these matters will be resolved without material adverse effect on the Mary Greeley Medical Center's financial position or results of activities.

#### **D.** Landfill Postclosure Care Costs

The City stopped accepting solid waste at the landfill effective June 30, 1992 and has been in the process of closing the landfill since that time.

Federal and State of Iowa laws and regulations establish landfill closure and postclosure care requirements. The State of Iowa specifies financial assurance requirements in Code Section 567-Chapter 111. The Iowa code enumerated various allowable financial assurance mechanisms to meet the costs of closure and postclosure care. The City satisfies this requirement with its rating on its most recent bond issues.

The liability for postclosure care costs is based on 100% of the landfill capacity used to date with no remaining life. The estimated liability for postclosure care costs was adjusted in 2006 to a new estimate of future costs using current inflation figures and has a balance of \$551,885 at June 30, 2007.

The City's written landfill postclosure plan includes estimates of costs of all equipment and services required to monitor and maintain the closed landfill. It anticipates that future costs will be subject to inflation and there may be additional requirements added over time. Unanticipated future inflation costs and costs that might arise from changes in postclosure requirements may require adjustment of the liability in future years.

#### E. Net Patient Service Revenue

As a provider of health care services, Mary Greeley Medical Center has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payment of services at amounts different from established rates. The basis for payment varies by payor and includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and retroactively determined cost-based rates. Approximately 95 percent of gross patient charges determined at established rates for the year ended June 30, 2007 resulted from patients covered by these third-party reimbursement

programs. Significant changes have been made and may be made in certain of these programs which could have a material adverse impact on the financial condition of the Medical Center in future years.

The following summarizes the differences between gross patient service revenue determined at established rates and net patient service revenue:

	2007
Gross patient service revenue, at established rates	\$ 288,558,885
Deductions:	
Medicare program	(92,924,044)
Medicaid program	(9,436,841)
Blue Cross	(34,795,022)
Other payors	(11,087,529)
Bad debt expense	 (4,648,638)
Net patient service revenue	\$ 135,666,811

#### F. Pension and Retirement Systems

The City of Ames is a participating employer in two multiple-employer, cost-sharing public employees retirement systems; Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) and Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI). These plans are administered by outside trustees and are not included in the City's financial statements.

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **Iowa Public Employees Retirement System**

**Plan Description and Provisions** – The City is a participating employer in the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a multiple-employer, cost sharing public employees' retirement system designed as a supplement to Social Security.

All employees earning in excess of \$300 per quarter who do not participate in any other public retirement system in the State are eligible and must participate in IPERS. The pension plan provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute.

Funding Information – The Plan is administered by the State of Iowa and the City's responsibility is limited to payment of contributions. During the year ended June 30, 2007, State statute required contributions of 3.70 percent by the employee and 5.75 percent by the employer. Contributions increased to 3.9% for employees and 6.05% for employers effective July 1, 2007. Additional combined increases of .50% per year will occur through July 1, 2010 when the required contribution rates will be 4.5% for employees and 6.95% for employers.

Historical trend information showing IPERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in its annual report. This report is available from IPERS, P. O.

Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306. IPERS does not invest in obligations of the State of Iowa or its political subdivisions.

#### **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

Year Ended June 30	Amount Required	Percentage Contributed
2005	\$3,236,750	100%
2006	3,445,078	100%
2007	3,680,401	100%

#### Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa

Plan Description and Provisions – The Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI) was created under Chapter 411.35 of the Code of Iowa to replace the separate fire and police retirement systems of 49 cities in Iowa, including the City's separate fire and police retirement systems. MFPRSI is the administrator of a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan for the exclusive benefit of eligible employees (all full-time firefighters and all sworn officers of the police department) of participating cities. It is governed by a nine-member board of trustees, eight of whom are appointed by member associations and the Iowa League of Cities. These members in turn appoint a citizen member. There are also four members of the Iowa Legislature who serve in an ex-officio capacity. The City's responsibility is limited to payments of contributions.

Funding Information – Member contribution rates are established by State statute. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, members contributed 9.35 percent of earnable compensation. The employer's contribution rate is based upon an actuarially determined normal contribution rate. The normal contribution rate is provided by State statute to be the actuarial liabilities of the plan less current plan assets, the total then being divided by one percent of the actuarially determined present value of the prospective future compensation of all members, further reduced by member contributions. Legislatively appropriated contributions from the State may further reduce the employer's contribution rate. However, the employer's contribution rate cannot be less than 17 percent of earnable compensation. Benefits include disability and death benefits. Effective July 1, 2006 the City mandated minimum contribution increased to 27.75%. A scheduled decrease will occur on July 1, 2007 to 25.48% and will be further reduced to 18.75% effective July 1, 2008.

For the year ended June 30, 2007, the City's contribution was 27.75 percent of the earnable compensation of each member.

#### **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

Year Ended June 30	Amount Required	Percentage Contributed
2005	\$1,228,717	100%
2006	1,452,990	100%
2007	1,467,354	100%

Historical trend information showing MFPRSI progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in its annual report. This report is available from Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa, 2836 104<sup>th</sup> Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50322. MFPRSI does not invest in obligations of the State of Iowa or its political subdivisions.

#### City of Ames Municipal Utility Retirement Plan

The City of Ames Municipal Utility Retirement Plan was adopted September 30, 1997 by resolution of the City Council. It is a sole-employer, defined contribution plan intended to qualify under Sections 401(a), 414(h), and 501(a) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The plan is authorized by City ordinance and can be amended by the plan administrator through a resolution of the City Council.

Members of the plan are employees of the City who regularly receive, or are expected to regularly receive, more than 10% of their compensation from a utility fund of the City, except persons employed to work at the A.O. Chantland Resource Recovery Plant. There were 152 active and fully vested participants, 82 terminated participants, 4 retired participants, and 5 other participants in the plan at June 30, 2007.

The purpose of the plan is to provide retirement benefits for participants through self-directed individual accounts which are fully and immediately vested and nonforfeitable at all times.

Participants (or their beneficiaries in the event of the participant's death) are entitled to receive a benefit equal to their vested account at retirement, death or termination of employment.

Participants are required to contribute 5.4% of their compensation and the employer is required to contribute 7.93% of the employees' compensation. An eligible employee may make voluntary (unmatched) contributions under the plan for any plan year in any amount up to 10% of the employee's compensation for such year.

The plan uses the accrual basis of accounting and presents plan assets at their fair value. The fair value of the plan's assets at June 30, 2007 was \$26,914,732. Employee contributions to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 totaled \$439,410 and employer contributions were \$645,279.

#### G. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, as amended on August 20, 1996. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Effective July 1, 1998, the deferred compensation is held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants (or their beneficiaries in the event of the participant's death) until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The City provides neither administrative service to the plan nor investment advice for the plan.

#### H. Related-Party Transactions

Effective February 12, 2003, the Medical Center entered into a joint venture with McFarland Clinic, P.C. to form a joint venture company, Health Ventures of Central Iowa, LLC (the "joint venture"). The Medical Center uses the equity method of accounting for joint ventures in which it has the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies of

the investee. Financial statements of the joint venture are available at Mary Greeley Medical Center.

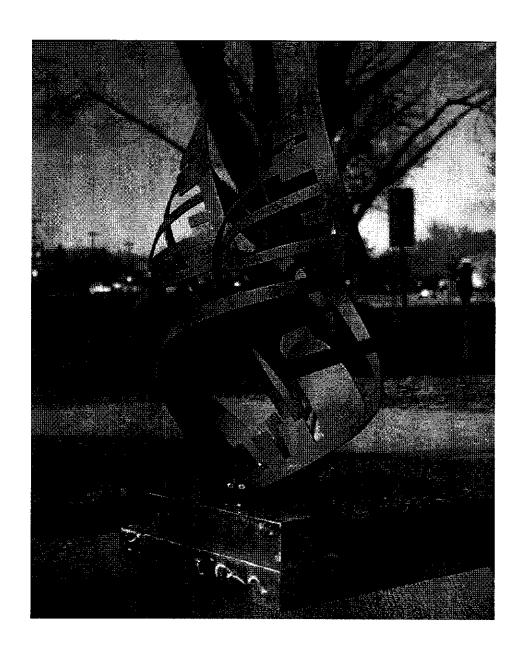
Included in the MGMC fund financial statements is approximately \$127,000 due to the joint venture at June 30, 2007. Included in the revenues of MGMC is approximately \$5,433,000 in supplies and services sold to the joint venture and operating expenses of approximately \$10,356,000 in purchased services received from the joint venture as of June 30, 2007.

#### J. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, and GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

In June of 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 45 (GASB 45), Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Implementation is required in three phases based on a government's total annual revenues in the first fiscal year ending after June 15, 1999. This statement requires systematic, accrual-basis measurement and recognition of OPEB cost over a period that approximates employees' years of service. The City is currently working to determine the effect implementation of this statement will have on their financial statements. The City will implement this statement in their fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.

In May of 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, amending note disclosure and RSI requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers to conform with the requirements of Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The City will implement this statement along with Statement No. 45 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.



Dance On The Prairie Dawn

By Maureen A. Seamonds, 2000

Westbend Circle

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Pilots Of The Waterway

By V. Skip Willets, 2005

East edge of pond north of Burnham Drive

CITY OF AMES, IOWA

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	(	Governmental Funds Actual		Proprietary Funds Actual		Total Actual	Original Budget		Final Budget		Final to Actual Variance
Revenues & other financing sources:											
Taxes levied on property	\$	19,210,793			\$	, - , - ,	\$	\$	19,381,759	\$	(170,966)
Other City taxes		7,396,808				7,396,808	6,807,632		7,366,910		29,898
Licenses & permits		983,238				983,238	992,733		969,359		13,879
Use of money and property		1,798,511	\$	15,188,610		16,987,121	6,700,232		8,653,143		8,333,978
Intergovernmental		8,682,040		6,199,346		14,881,386	15,185,552		17,794,490		(2,913,104)
Charges for services		2,970,720		207,374,731		210,345,451	193,165,519		199,558,179		10,787,272
Special assessments		149,545				149,545	185,000		185,000		(35,455)
Miscellaneous		878,407		1,267,976		2,146,383	1,297,285		1,811,506		334,877
Other financing sources		13,931,333		2,152,392	_	16,083,725	 15,201,694		15,924,779		158,946
Total revenues and other sources		56,001,395		232,183,055	_	288,184,450	 258,917,406		271,645,125		16,539,325
Expenditures & other financing uses:											
Public safety		11,929,500				11,929,500	12,204,399		12,242,424		312.924
Public works		4,414,508				4,414,508	4,422,498		4,651,943		237,435
Health and social services		982.065				982.065	999.786		993,032		10,967
Culture and recreation		6.047.988				6.047.988	5,802,097		6,177,769		129,781
Community and economic development		3,384,533				3,384,533	3,438,671		4,346,883		962.350
General government		2,198,046				2,198,046	2,202,181		2,378,952		180,906
Debt service		7,933,303				7,933,303	8,088,772		7,933,303		-
Capital projects		6,094,829				6,094,829	10,139,563		13,283,751		7,188,922
Total government activities expenditures	_	42,984,772			-	42,984,772	 47,297,967	-	52,008,057		9,023,285
Business type/enterprises		.2,00.,17.2		200,014,165		200,014,165	195,610,687		216,570,193		16,556,028
Total government activities & business	_			200,011,100	-	200,011,100	 	-	210,010,100		10,000,020
expenditures		42,984,772		200,014,165		242,998,937	242,908,654		268,578,250		25,579,313
Transfers out		8,063,193		2,274,314		10,337,507	9.762.214		10,246,569		(90,938)
Total expenditures/transfers out	_	51,047,965		202,288,479	-	253,336,444	 252,670,868	-	278,824,819	٠ -	25,488,375
Excess revenues & other sources over											
(under) expenditures/transfers out		4,953,430		29,894,576		34,848,006	6,246,538		(7,179,694)		42,027,700
Beginning fund balance July 1		27,551,810		268,024,383		295,576,193	 295,576,193	_	295,576,193		
Ending fund balance June 30	\$_	32,505,240	\$.	297,918,959	\$	330,424,199	\$ 301,822,731	\$_	288,396,499	\$_	42,027,700

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF AMES, IOWA

#### BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Gov	remmental Funds		Proprietary Funds				
		Budget Basis	Adjustments	Modified Accrual Basis	Budget Basis	Adjustments	Accrual Basis		
Revenues & other financing sources	\$	56,001,395 \$	(1,574,933) \$	54,426,462	\$ 232,183,055	(807,232) \$	231,375,823		
Expenditures & other financing uses	_	51,047,965	(1,583,617)	49,464,348	202,288,479	8,721	202,297,200		
Excess revenues & other sources over (under) expenditures & other uses		4,953,430	8,684	4,962,114	29,894,576	(815,953)	29,078,623		
Beginning fund balances	_	27,551,810	(4,708,663)	22,843,147	268,024,383	60,064,770	328,089,153		
Ending fund balances	\$_	32,505,240 \$	(4,699,979) \$	27,805,261	\$ 297,918,959	59,248,817	357,167,776		

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### 1. Budgetary Reporting

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the modified accrual basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the budget basis and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon 9 major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These 9 functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects and business type activities. Function expenditures required to be budgeted include expenditures for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Enterprise Funds. Although the budget document presents function expenditures by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund.

During the year, two budget amendments increased budgeted expenditures by \$25,669,596. These budget amendments are reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that have various purpose restrictions or designations or are segregated for particular expenditure reasons.

**Local Option Tax Fund** - This fund is used to account for the funds generated by the voter approved 1% local option sales tax; 60% is used for propterty tax relief and 40% for community betterment.

**Hotel/Motel Tax Fund** - This fund is used to account for the funds generated through the imposition of a hotel/motel tax. Proceeds are used for community betterment and economic development.

**Leased Housing Fund and Housing Assistance Fund** - These funds are used to account for the operations of a federal low-income housing project and other grant funded housing assistance programs.

**Road Use Tax Fund** - This fund is used to account for the City's share of state gasoline taxes received on a per capita basis. State law requires use for any purpose relating to the construction or maintenance of public streets.

Bike Licenses - This fund is used to account for funds generated by the sale of bike licenses.

**Police Forfeiture & Grants** - This fund is used to account for funds generated from the forfeiture of property as a result of criminal activities and government grants received for law enforcement related costs.

TIF Fund - This fund is used to account for tax increment financing revenues on abated debt.

**Employee Benefit Property Tax Fund** - This fund is used to account for tax revenues used to pay the City's share of selected employee benefits.

**Police & Fire 411** - This fund is used to account for the funds remaining from the transfer to the state-wide MFPRSI. They can only be used to offset future City contributions to the retirement system.

**Parks & Recreation Programs** - This fund is used to account for revenues used for specific park and recreation programs and improvements.

**CDBG** - This fund is used to account for funds received from HUD to be used according to our Community Development Block Grant program.

**Donation Funds** - These funds are used to account for various donations received by the City to be used for specific purposes and activities including Project Share.

**Developers' Projects** - These funds are used to account for funds received from developers to be used for City infrastructure.

**Economic Development & Loans** - This fund is used to account for funds from block grants and funds to be loaned to businesses to increase development in the City.

#### **Permanent Fund**

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are leally restricted to the extent that only the earnings, not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

**Permanent Fund** - This fund is used to account for principal amounts received for perpetual care. The interest on these funds is transferred to the general fund for use to maintain the cemeteries.

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

JUNE 30, 2007						
ASSETS		Special Revenue Funds		Permanent Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$	13,316,786	\$	821,324	\$	14,138,110
Taxes receivable		21,407				21,407
Accounts receivable		25,944		355		26,299
Accrued interest receivable		40,018				40,018
Intergovernmental receivables		1,866,169				1,866,169
Due from other funds		162,588		2,166		164,754
Inventories		83,964				83,964
Houses held for resale		333,072				333,072
Prepaid items		2,737				2,737
Succeeding year taxes receivable	_	1,294,699	_			1,294,699
Total assets	\$_	17,147,384	- <sup>\$</sup> =	823,845	\$ _	17,971,229
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	207,968		2,065	\$	210,033
Retainage payable		14,438		_,	•	14,438
Due to other governments		1,807				1,807
Compensation and payroll taxes		40,804				40,804
Due to other funds		997,643	\$	5,814		1,003,457
Deferred revenue		284,457				284,457
Succeeding year unearned revenue		1,294,699				1,294,699
Customer deposits		80,129				80,129
Total liabilities	_	2,921,945	_	7,879	· -	2,929,824
Fund balances:						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances		388,518				388,518
Perpetual care				815,966		815,966
Inventories		83,964				83,964
Houses held for resale		333,072				333,072
Prepaid items		520				520
State and grant restricted purpose		1,890,604				1,890,604
Unreserved:						
Unreserved, designated for						
subsequent year's expenditures		985,462				985,462
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor		40 = 40 = 5				
special revenue funds Total fund balances		10,543,299	_		_	10,543,299
		14,225,439	_	815,966	_	15,041,405
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	17,147,384	\$	823,845	\$_	17,971,229

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007		Special Revenue Funds		Permanent Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	1,289,477			\$	1,289,477
Intergovernmental		13,547,717				13,547,717
Charges for services		175,389	\$	13,719		189,108
Donations		212,488				212,488
Investment earnings		360,688				360,688
Miscellaneous		56,213				56,213
Total revenues	-	15,641,972		13,719		15,655,691
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety		120,698				120,698
Public works		3,257,949				3,257,949
Health and social services		847,065				847,065
Culture and recreation		462,271		2,985		465,256
Community and economic development		2,803,967				2,803,967
General government		108,349				108,349
Capital projects	_	1,440,242				1,440,242
Total expenditures	_	9,040,541		2,985		9,043,526
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	_	6,601,431		10,734		6,612,165
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		174,246				174,246
Transfers out		(5,264,087)				(5,264,087)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(5,089,841)	_		_	(5,089,841)
Net change in fund balance		1,511,590		10,734		1,522,324
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	12,713,849	_	805,232		13,519,081
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	14,225,439	\$_	815,966	\$_	15,041,405

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS		Local Option Tax		Hotel/ Motel Tax		Leased Housing		Road Use Tax	Bike Licenses
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$	3,201,802	\$	532,552	\$	245,237	\$	2,863,305 \$	18,305
Taxes receivable Accounts receivable						8,863			
Accrued interest receivable						46			
Intergovernmental receivables		916,663		284,457		290		347,781	
Due from other funds Inventories		8,064		189		250		134,888 83,964	
Houses held for resale Prepaid items Succeeding year taxes receivable						2,217		220	
Total assets	\$_	4,126,529	_\$	817,198	\$_	256,653	\$_	3,430,158 \$	18,305
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:	_		_		_		_		
Accounts payable Retainage payable	\$	64,638 1,471	\$	68,722	\$	155	\$	49,459 12,967	
Due to other governments		849						474	
Compensation and payroll taxes		3,089				699		32,624	
Due to other funds Deferred revenue		553,857		1,081 284,457		1,478		128,599	
Succeeding year unearned revenue				204,437					
Customer deposits	_		-		. <u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	. <u></u>		
Total liabilities		623,904	-	354,260		2,332	-	224,123	
Fund balances: Reserved for:									
Encumbrances		132,543		24,520				190,296	
Inventories Houses held for resale								83,964	
Prepaid items State and grant								220	
restricted purposes Unreserved, designated for						254,321			
subsequent year's expenditures Unreserved, reported in nonmajor		468,538		25,034				64,067	
special revenue funds	_	2,901,544		413,384			_	2,867,488 \$	18,305
Total fund balances	_	3,502,625	-	462,938	_	254,321	_	3,206,035	18,305
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	4,126,529	\$	817,198	\$_	256,653	\$_	3,430,158 \$	18,305

	Police Forfeiture & Grants	Housing Assistance	TIF	Employee Benefit Property Tax	Police & Fire 411	Parks & Recreation Programs
\$	127,884 \$	784,405 \$	220,115		\$ 1,609,603	\$ 1,008,452
		7,494		\$ 21,407		
		4,173	1,732		12,663	7,916
	10,056 57	2,911				
-				1,294,699		
\$_	137,997	798,983_\$	221,847	\$1,316,106	\$1,622,266	\$1,016,368
	\$	1				\$ 23
\$	270					
	2,695	62 62	:	\$ 21,407	\$ 912	
_				1,294,699		
	2,965	125		1,316,106	912	23_
					1,621,354	
		97,875	64,972		•	232,500
_	135,032	700,983	156,875			783,845
_	135,032	798,858	221,847		1,621,354	1,016,345
\$_	137,997 \$	798,983 \$	221,847	\$ <u>1,316,106</u>	1,622,266	\$1,016,368_

(continued)

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS		Library Donations		Project Share		Police & Fire Donations	CDBG		Animal Shelter Donations
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$	1,500,317	s	5,442	\$	5,812		\$	98,949
Taxes receivable	Ψ		•		*	0,0.2		-	
Accounts receivable Accrued interest		1,042		725					1,900
receivable		11,858							783
Intergovernmental receivables		1,460					\$ 29,592		
Due from other funds		•					45		
Inventories Houses held for resale							333,072		
Prepaid items		300					,		
Succeeding year taxes receivable	_				_		. <u></u>		
Total assets	\$_	1,514,977	-\$-	6,167	. \$ _	5,812	\$362,709	*=	101,632
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable Retainage payable	\$	6,793			\$	28	\$ 16,968	\$	262
Due to other									
governments									214
Compensation and payroll taxes		1,090					545		
Due to other funds		2,934				53	3,718		
Deferred revenue									
Succeeding year unearned revenue									
Customer deposits	_						692		
Total liabilities		10,817				81	21,923		476
Fund balances:									
Reserved for: Encumbrances		35,159					6.000		
Inventories		33,138					0,000		
Houses held for resale							333,072		
Prepaid items State statute		300							
restricted purposes			\$	6,167					
Unreserved, designated for		10 500							10.076
subsequent year's expenditures Unreserved, reported in nonmajor		19,500							12,976
special revenue funds	_	1,449,201			_	5,731	1,714	_	88,180
Total fund balances	_	1,504,160	_	6,167		5,731	340,786		101,156
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	1,514,977	.\$_	6,167	\$_	5,812	\$ 362,709	\$_	101,632

	Public Art Donations		Developers' Projects		Economic Development & Loans		FEMA	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	4,983	\$	387,010	\$	702,613		\$	13,316,786
					5,920			21,407 25,944
	39		808					40,018
						\$	275,870 16,434	1,866,169 162,588 83,964 333,072 2,737
_				_				1,294,699
\$	5,022	\$_	387,818	\$_	708,533	\$_	292,304 \$	17,147,384
				\$	919			207,968 14,438
								1,807
						\$	283,542	40,804 997,643 284,457
		\$_	79,437			_		1,294,699 80,129
_		_	79,437	_	919	. –	283,542	2,921,945
								388,518 83,964 333,072 520
							8,762	1,890,604
								985,462
\$_	5,022	_	308,381	_	707,614	_		10,543,299
_	5,022	_	308,381	_	707,614		8,762	14,225,439
\$_	5,022	\$_	387,818	\$_	708,533	\$_	292,304 \$	17,147,384

(concluded)

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Local Option Tax	Hotel/ Motel Tax	Leased Housing	Road Use Tax	Bike Licenses
Revenues:						
Taxes						
Intergovernmental	\$	6,034,519 \$	1,298,009 \$	1,010,116 \$	4,244,752	
Charges for services				10,170		
Donations		19,900				
Investment earnings		10,299		13,907		
Miscellaneous	_		<del></del>	<del></del>		 
Total revenues	_	6,064,718	1,298,009	1,034,193	4,244,752	 
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety						
Public works		48,262			2,923,888	
Health and social services		847,065				
Culture and recreation		235,199	24,284			
Community and economic development			1,047,526	1,089,165		
General government		19,951	1,337		76,253	
Capital projects	_	731,420	29,371		415,207	 <del></del>
Total expenditures	_	1,881,897	1,102,518	1,089,165	3,415,348	 
Excess (deficiency)						
of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	_	4,182,821	195,491	(54,972)	829,404	 
Other financing						
sources (uses):						
Transfers in		74,246				
Transfers out		(3,717,452)	(185,615)			
Total other financing	_					 
sources (uses)		(3,643,206)	(185,615)			 
Net change in fund balance		539,615	9,876	(54,972)	829,404	
Fund balances						
at beginning of year	_	2,963,010	453,062	309,293	2,376,631	\$ 18,305
Fund balances						
at end of year	\$_	3,502,625 \$	462,938 \$	254,321 \$	3,206,035	\$ 18,305

	Police Forfeiture & Grants	Housing Assistance	TIF	Employee Benefit Property Tax	Police & Fire 411	Parks & Recreation Programs
•	440.707	04.400	\$	1,289,477		
\$	118,787 \$	21,182			\$	3,050 91,773
	45.004	62,042 <b>\$</b> 41,122	12,278	\$	82,984	48,803
-	15,091		12,278	1,289,477	82,984	143,626
-	133,878	124,346	12,270	1,209,411	02,904	140,020
	109,100					
	103,100					
		42,290				629
		12,200			10,808	42,774
_	109,100	42,290			10,808	43,403
_				· ·		
_	24,778	82,056	12,278	1,289,477	72,176	100,223
						100,000
-			(71,543)	(1,289,477)		
-			(71,543)	(1,289,477)	<del> </del>	100,000
	24,778	82,056	(59,265)		72,176	200,223
-	110,254	716,802	281,112		1,549,178	816,122
\$_	135,032_\$_	798,858 \$	221,847 \$	\$_	1,621,354 \$	1,016,345

(continued)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Library Donations		Project Share		Police & Fire Donations	CDBG
Revenues:							
Taxes							
Intergovernmental	\$	54,682		;	\$	155,036 \$	334,764
Charges for services							162,169
Donations		68,068	\$	18,666			
Investment earnings		80,592					10,919
Miscellaneous	_						
Total revenues	_	203,342		18,666		155,036	507,852
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety						1,692	
Public works				18,691			
Health and social services							
Culture and recreation		202,159					
Community and economic development							494,986
General government							
Capital projects	_	66,480	-		_	154,990	A
Total expenditures	_	268,639	_	18,691		156,682	494,986
Excess (deficiency)							
of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		(65,297)		(25)		(1,646)	12,866
Other financing							
sources (uses):							
Transfers in							
Transfers out							
Total other financing			_				
sources (uses)			_				
Net change in fund balances		(65,297)		(25)		(1,646)	12,866
Fund balances							
at beginning of year	_	1,569,457	. –	6,192	_	7,377	327,920
Fund balances							
at end of year	\$	1,504,160	\$_	6,167	§	5,731 \$	340,786

	Animal Shelter Donations		Public Art Donations		Developers' Projects	-	Economic Development & Loans		FEMA	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
								\$	\$ 275,870	1,289,477 13,547,717
								Φ	275,670	175,389
\$	14,081									212,488
*	5,167	\$	260	\$	5,377	\$	28,060			360,688
		_			<del>-</del>			_		56,213
	19,248		260	-	5,377		28,060	_	275,870	15,641,972
	0.000									120,698
	9,906								267,108	3,257,949
									201,100	847,065
										462,271
							130,000			2,803,967
										108,349
_				-				_		1,440,242
_	9,906						130,000		267,108	9,040,541
_	9,342		260		5,377		(101,940)		8,762	6,601,431
										174,246
_		_		_						(5,264,087)
_										(5,089,841)
	9,342		260		5,377		(101,940)		8,762	1,511,590
_	91,814		4,762		303,004		809,554			12,713,849
\$_	101,156	_\$_	5,022	_\$_	308,381	_\$_	707,614	. \$	8,762 \$	14,225,439



Eagle

By Bruce Mainquist, 1997

Stuart Smith Park

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to finance and account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of governmental facilities and services that are supported primarily by user charges. They are also known as business-type activities.

**Storm Sewer Utility Fund** - This fund is used to account for the monthly fees paid by the customers of the Electric Utility for the maintenance of the City's storm sewer system.

**Parking Lot Fund -** This fund is used to account for the operation of the parking meters on streets and in designated lots.

**Resource Recovery Fund** - This fund is used to account for the operation of the City owned resource recovery plant. Services are also provided to 13 communities and several governmental organizations on a contractual basis.

**Transit Fund** - This fund is used to account for the operations of all City transit services.

Ames/ISU Ice Arena Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of a recreational ice facility, jointly owned by the City and Iowa State University.

**Homewood Golf Course Fund -** This fund is used to account for the operations of a 9-hole golf course.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS		Storm Sewer Utility	Parking Lot	Resource Recovery
Current assets:	¢	COE OCT - Ф	460 04E - Ф	706 205
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$	605,267 \$		786,325
Accounts receivable, net		83,366	72,256	319,528 6,088
Accrued interest receivable		4,483 31	1,749	441,803
Intergovernmental receivables		2,988	5,286	43,093
Due from other funds		2,900	20.954	45,055
Inventories			1,207	
Prepaid items			1,207	
Total current assets		696,135	269,767	1,596,837
Noncurrent assets:				
Deferred debt issuance costs, net				9,415
Capital assets:				
Land			910,547	274,903
Land improvements		526,378	647,228	58,492
Buildings				11,219,650
Equipment			56,130	5,025,221
Construction in progress				
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(114,395)	(506,659)	(8,964,354)
Capital assets, net		411,983	1,107,246	7,613,912
Total noncurrent assets		411,983	1,107,246	7,623,327
Total assets	_	1,108,118	1,377,013	9,220,164

	Transit	Ames/ISU Ice Arena	Homewood Golf Course	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
\$	1,668,303	462,250	\$ 34,754	\$ 3,725,214
*	29,208	8,868	4,167	517,393
	15,143	3,852	226	31,541
	253,412	7,872		708,404
	9,597		60	55,738
	174,199	4,465	1,903	201,521
_			 30	 1,237
-	2,149,862	487,307	 41,140	 5,241,048
				9,415
	41,500		193,250	1,420,200
	149,806	63,578	127,581	1,573,063
	7,858,442	1,688,110	87,003	20,853,205
	9,826,948	31,384		14,939,683
	391,636			391,636
_	(7,898,531)	(419,897)	 (84,337)	 (17,988,173)
	10,369,801	1,363,175	 323,497	 21,189,614
_	10,369,801	1,363,175	 323,497	 21,199,029
_	12,519,663	1,850,482	 364,637	 26,440,077

(continued)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

LIABILITIES	Storm Sewer Utility	Parking Lot	Resource Recovery
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	12,616 1,302	1,532	155,180
Retainage payable Due to other governments	226		46,571
Compensation and payroll taxes	5,094	6,865	23,061
Employee benefits	400	1,345	2,897
Due to other funds	4,757	10,770	51,375
Bonds payable			450,000
Interest payable			3,821
Unearned revenue		5,045	
Total current liabilities	24,395	25,557	732,905
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Employee benefits	7,433	16,406	62,349
Bonds payable			860,000
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued			45,200
Deferred charges			(28,259)
Landfill postclosure costs			551,885
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,433	16,406	1,491,175
Total liabilities	31,828	41,963	2,224,080
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	411,983	1,107,246	6,303,912
Unrestricted	664,307	227,804	692,172
Total net assets	\$1,076,290	\$ 1,335,050	\$6,996,084

	Transit		Ames/ISU Ice Arena		Homewood Golf Course	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
	260,505		12,176		4,123	446,132	
	7,806					9,108	
	50,619		70		869	98,355	
	88,767		2,959		4,669	131,415	
	11,842		231	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		17,125	
	20,015		1,235			90,385	
						450,000	
						3,821	
_		_				5,045	
	439,554		16,671		12,304	1,251,386	
	173,760		3,810		6,278	270,036	
	110,100		3,5.0		0,270	860,000	
						45,200	
						(28,259)	
						551,885	
_	173,760		3,810		6,278	1,698,862	
_	613,314		20,481		18,582	 2,950,248	
	10,369,801 1,536,548		1,363,175 466,826		323,497 22,558	19,879,614 3,610,215	
_	1,000,040		400,020		22,000	 3,010,215	
\$_	11,906,349	\$	1,830,001	\$	346,055	\$ 23,489,829	

(concluded)

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Storm Sewer Utility	Parking Lot	Resource Recovery
Operating revenues: Charges for goods and services	\$	676,692 \$	685,500 \$_	3,457,823
Operating expenses:				
Cost of goods and services		462,324	786,554	3,312,169
Administration		1,476	27,694	156,620
Depreciation		10,528	15,106	357,3 <u>52</u>
Total operating expenses	_	474,328	829,354	3,826,141
Operating income (loss)		202,364	(143,854)	(368,318)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Investment earnings		27,655	11,134	55,460
Interest expense				(59,189)
Federal, state, and other operating grants				
Costs reimbursed by contract participants				614,954
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		27,655	11,134	611,225
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		230,019	(132,720)	242,907
Capital contributions				
Transfers in				108,475
Change in net assets		230,019	(132,720)	351,382
Total net assets at beginning of year	_	846,271	1,467,770	6,644,702
Total net assets at end of year	\$	1,076,290 \$	1,335,050 \$_	6,996,084

	Transit	Ames/ISU Ice Arena	Homewood Golf Course	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
\$.	3,793,525 \$	389,163 \$	198,124 \$	9,200,827
	5,166,252	369,482	216,686	10,313,467
	809,083	,	,	994,873
	931,095	62,863	8,061	1,385,005
	6,906,430	432,345	224,747	12,693,345
	(3,112,905)	(43,182)	(26,623)	(3,492,518)
	103,068	23,366	1,277	221,960
			.,,	(59,189)
	1,509,214			1,509,214
				614,954
	1,612,282	23,366	1,277	2,286,939
	(4.500.000)	(40.545)	(0= 0.40)	
	(1,500,623)	(19,816)	(25,346)	(1,205,579)
	1,449,455	20,000		1,469,455
	1,064,291	20,000		1,192,766
•				
	1,013,123	20,184	(25,346)	1,456,642
-	10,893,226	1,809,817	371,401	22,033,187
\$	11,906,349 \$	1,830,001 \$	346,055 \$	23,489,829

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Storm Sewer Utility	Parking Lot	Resource Recovery
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used	\$	660,556 \$ (215,576) (195,152) (60,939)	762,024 \$ (143,108) (496,561) (185,965)	3,417,523 (1,938,184) (1,005,194) (464,551)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	188,889	(63,610)	9,594
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Operating grants Costs reimbursed by contract participants Transfers in				614,954 108,475
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_			723,429
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal paid on general obligation bond maturities Interest paid and other fiscal charges Purchases of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Capital contributions	_			(496,181) (63,217) (1,182,815)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital financing activities	_			(1,742,213)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments and pooled cash	_	26,386	11,334	63,579
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	26,386	11,334	63,579

	Transit	Ames/ISU Ice Arena	Homewood Golf Course	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
\$	3,725,311 \$	379,398 \$	196,394 \$	9,141,206
	(1,481,768)	(176,522)	(50,577)	(4,005,735)
	(4,029,406)	(139,789)	(135,727)	(6,001,829)
_	(291,246)	(38,717)	(27,596)	(1,069,014)
	(2,077,109)	24,370	(17,506)	(1,935,372)
	1,509,214			1,509,214
				614,954
_	1,064,291	20,000		1,192,766
-	2,573,505	20,000		3,316,934
				(496,181)
				(63,217)
	(1,625,214)			(2,808,029)
	1,449,455	20,000		1,469,455
-	(175,759)	20,000		(1,897,972)
-	100,444	22,797	1,468	226,008
	100,444	22,797	1,468	226,008
				(continued)

(continued)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Storm Sewer Utility	Parking Lot	Resource Recovery
Net change in cash and pooled cash investments		215,275	(52,276)	(945,611)
Cash and pooled cash investments at beginning of year		389,992	220,591	1,731,936
Cash and pooled cash investments at end of year	\$	605,267 \$	168,315 \$_	786,325
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	202,364 \$	(143,854) \$	(368,318)
Depreciation expense		10,528	15,106	357,352
Changes in:     Accounts receivable, net     Intergovernmental receivables     Due from other funds     Inventories     Prepaid items     Accounts payable     Due to other governments     Accrued expenses     Due to other funds     Unearned revenue     Landfill postclosure costs  Net cash provided by (used in)     operating activities	\$	(14,291) (31) (1,814) (2,962) 2 (3,209) (1,698)	67,767 8,941 16 (7,095) 1 (6,688) (213) 1,453 1,156 (200)	(61,164) 24,978 (4,114) 275 78,821 (21,013) 5,230 13,416 (15,869)
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING A	ND CAPI	TAL FINANCING	ACTIVITIES:	
Unrealized increases in	0, 1, 1		ACTIVITIES.	
the fair value of investments	\$	3,922 \$	1,095 \$	5,117

	Transit	Ames/ISU Ice Arena	Homewood Golf Course	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
	421,081	87,167	(16,038)	(290,402)
_	1,247,222	375,083	50,792	4,015,616
\$_	1,668,303 \$_	462,250	\$34,754_\$	3,725,214
\$	(3,112,905) \$	(43,182) \$	\$ (26,623) \$	(3,492,518)
	931,095	62,863	8,061	1,385,005
	(11,571) (77,193) 20,550 2,227 410 216,107 (50,752) 2,834 2,089	(2,535) (7,237) 7 (169) 9,144 4,308 (28) 702 497	(1,676) (54) 260 (30) (207) 42 2,467 254	(23,470) (50,542) 14,591 (4,777) 9,800 289,379 (71,962) 9,477 15,714 (200)
\$ <u></u>	(2,077,109) \$	24,370	\$ <u>(17,506)</u> \$	(15,869)
\$_	10,822 \$	2,992	\$\$	25,225

(concluded)

### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City and to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fleet Services Fund - This fund is used to account for capital equipment other than that included in the enterprise funds and governmental funds. A central garage is operated and all equipment is maintained and purchased through this fund. Appropriate charges are made to other City departments for maintenance and equipment replacement.

**Information Services Fund** - This fund is used to account for all data processing, telecommunications, and other communications services provided to the City departments.

**Risk Insurance Fund** - This fund is used to account for all insurance premiums and claim payments other than health benefits. The City's self-insured workers' compensation insurance is accounted for in this fund.

**Health Insurance Fund** - This fund is used to account for all self-insured health insurance claim payments and stop-loss premiums.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS	Fleet Services		Information Services		Risk Insurance	Health Insurance		Total Internal Service Funds
Current assets:								
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$ 6,190,41		1,896,906	\$	222,502 \$	2,104,834	\$	10,414,657
Accounts receivable, net	13,67					128,284		141,959
Accrued interest receivable	48,53		15,195		5,993	16,791		86,514
Intergovernmental receivables	1,65		6,846					8,500
Due from other funds	244,73		88,974		48	70		333,822
Inventories	61,87							61,873
Prepaid items	5,94		42,053	_	812,846	1,460	_	862,299
Total current assets	6,566,82	<u>22</u> -	2,049,974	_	1,041,389	2,251,439	-	11,909,624
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital assets:								
Land improvements			180,852					180,852
Buildings	551,49	3						551,493
Equipment	9,950,34	2	1,262,174		13,670			11,226,186
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,662,15	8)	(1,156,822)		(6,835)		_	(6,825,815)
Capital assets, net	4,839,67	7 ]	286,204		6,835			5,132,716
Total noncurrent assets	4,839,67	7	286,204	_	6,835		_	5,132,716
Total assets	11,406,49	9	2,336,178	_	1,048,224	2,251,439	_	17,042,340
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	39,80	14	23,467		78,394	349,865		491,530
Due to other governments	30,46	2	•		•	·		30,462
Compensation and payroll taxes	11,01	9	1,267		1,253	1,502		15,041
Employee benefits	2,73	2	2,153		399	549		5,833
Due to other funds	9,04	.3	2,965		251	3,645		15,904
Claims payable					220,994	450,000		670,994
Total current liabilities	93,06	<del>10</del>	29,852		301,291	805,561	_	1,229,764
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Employee benefits	70,91	3	42,274		8,315	10,082		131,584
		<u> </u>	,	_	0,010	10,002	-	101,004
Total liabilities	163,97	<u>3</u> _	72,126	_	309,606	815,643		1,361,348
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	4,839,67	7	286,204		6,835			5,132,716
Unrestricted	6,402,84		1,977,848	_	731,783	1,435,796		10,548,276
	\$ 11,242,52			\$	738,618 \$			15,680,992

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Fleet Services	Information Services	Risk Insurance	Health Insurance	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for goods and services	\$_	2,723,424 \$	1,817,431 \$	1,324,040_\$	4,909,729	\$10,774,624_
Operating expenses: Cost of goods and services Depreciation	_	1,896,877 832,588	1,591,126 118,775	1,372,514 4,557	4,946,590	9,807,107 955,920
Total operating expenses		2,729,465	1,709,901	1,377,071	4,946,590	10,763,027
Operating income (loss)		(6,041)	107,530	(53,031)	(36,861)	11,597
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Gain on disposal of capital assets		319,359 <b>41,22</b> 9	96,608	32,632	109,010	557,609 41,229
Total nonoperating revenues	_	360,588	96,608	32,632	109,010	598,838
Income before contributions and transfers		354,547	204,138	(20,399)	72,149	610,435
Transfers out	_		(30,520)			(30,520)
Change in net assets		354,547	173,618	(20,399)	72,149	579,915
Total net assets at beginning of year	_	10,887,979	2,090,434	759,017	1,363,647	15,101,077
Total net assets at end of year	\$_	11,242,526 \$	2,264,052 \$	738,618 \$	1,435,796	\$ 15,680,992

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Fleet Services	Information Services	Risk Insurance	Health Insurance	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used	<b>\$</b>	2,713,168 \$ (1,014,418) (671,583) (204,635)	1,822,937 \$ (630,393) (695,017) (282,608)	1,323,994 \$ (1,353,664) (56,434) (4,116)	4,782,595 (4,562,018) (123,138) (26,048)	\$ 10,642,694 (7,560,493) (1,546,172) (517,407)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	822,532	214,919	(90,220)	71,391	1,018,622
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Principal received on advances to other funds Interest received on advances to other funds Transfers out		2,149 43	(30,520)			2,149 43 (30,520)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		2,192	(30,520)			(28,328)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchases of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	(688,437) 341,717	(73,567)			(762,004) 341,717
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(346,720)	(73,567)			(420,287)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments and pooled cash		315,485	94,967	33,282	107,262	550,996
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	315,485	94,967	33,282	107,262	550,996
Net change in cash and pooled cash investments		793,489	205,799	(56,938)	178,653	1,121,003
Cash and pooled cash investments at beginning of year	_	5,396,926	1,691,107	279,440	1,926,181	9,293,654
Cash and pooled cash investments at end of year	\$ <u></u>	6,190,415	1,896,906 \$	222,502 \$	2,104,834	\$ 10,414,657

(continued)

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Fleet Services	Information Services	Risk Insurance	Health Insurance	Total Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income						
(loss) to net cash provided by						
(used in) operating activities:			_			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(6,041) \$	107,530 \$	(53,031) \$	(36,861) \$	11,597
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						
(loss) to net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		832,588	118,775	4,557		955,920
Changes in:						
Accounts receivable, net		6,737	161		(128,284)	(121,386)
Intergovernmental receivables		2,800	10,772		1,220	14,792
Due from other funds		(19,793)	(5,427)	(46)	(70)	(25,336)
Inventories		(1,212)				(1,212)
Prepaid items		8,109	(3,177)	(42,173)	(1,460)	(38,701)
Accounts payable		(994)	(19,877)	66,110	233,906	279,145
Due to other governments		(1,452)	(170)			(1,622)
Accrued expenses		1,551	5,357	3,075	3,587	13,570
Due to other funds		239	975	(28)	(647)	539
Claims payable	_			(68,684)		(68,684)
Net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities	\$_	822,532 \$	214,919 \$	(90,220) \$	71,391 \$	1,018,622

# SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Unrealized increases in the fair value of investments	\$ 40,173 \$	12,309 \$	1,453	s	13,652	. \$ <u></u>	67,587
Capital asset trade-ins	\$ 39,950					\$	39,950

(concluded)

# **AGENCY FUNDS**

Agency funds are used to report resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities).

Flex Benefits Fund - This fund is used to hold the employees' withheld contributions to a Section 125 flexible benefits plan.

**Payroll Clearing Fund** - This fund is used to hold payroll taxes withheld from employees until they are paid to the appropriate authorities.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

		Agenc	-			
ASSETS		Payroll Clearing		Flex Benefits		Total
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$_	175,996	\$ <u>-</u>	14,625	\$_	190,621
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable  Due to other governments	\$ 	7,117 168,879	\$ - <b>-</b>	14,625	\$ 	21,742 168,879
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	175,996	\$_	14,625	\$_	190,621

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

# **PAYROLL CLEARING FUND**

ASSETS		Balance July 1, 2006	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2007
Cash and pooled cash investments Accounts receivable	\$ _	327,532 \$ 3	19,970,213 \$ 252	20,121,749 \$ 255	175,996
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	327,535 \$	19,970,465 \$	20,122,004 \$	175,996
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable  Due to other governments	\$ _	5,878 \$ 321,657	9,376,382 \$ 11,358,371	9,375,143 11,511,149 \$	7,117 168,879
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	327,535 \$	20,734,753 \$	20,886,292 \$	175,996

# **FLEX BENEFITS FUND**

ASSETS	,	Balance July 1, 2006	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2007
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$	15,450 \$	1,683,445 \$	1,684,270 \$	14,625
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	15,450 \$	707,180 \$	708,005 \$	14,625

(continued)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES-AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

# **TOTALS**

ASSETS		Balance July 1, 2006	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2007
Cash and pooled cash investments Accounts receivable	\$ -	342,982 \$ 3	21,653,658 \$ 252	21,806,019 \$ 255	190,621
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	342,985 \$	21,653,910 \$	21,806,274 \$	190,621
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ -	21,328 \$ 321,657	10,083,562 \$ 11,358,371	10,083,148 \$ 11,511,149	21,742 168,879
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	342,985 \$	21,441,933 \$	21,594,297 \$	190,621

(concluded)

# STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Ames's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	123
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the city's most significant revenue source, property tax.	129
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	133
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place.	138
Operating Information  These schedules contain information about the city's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	140

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The city implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Schedule 1
City of Ames
Net Assets by Component
Last Six Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year			
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 59,164,746 7,147,552 13,844,366	\$ 67,107,350 5,907,080 14,113,598	\$ 72,431,317 5,392,715 15,729,109	\$ 77,768,887 6,091,644 15,250,250	\$ 87,975,194 5,767,706 18,116,572	\$ 90,093,683 6,680,663 21,962,193
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 80,156,664	\$ 87.128.028	\$ 93,553,141	\$ 99,110,781	\$ 111,859,472	\$ 118,736,539
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 162,875,819	\$ 170,584,026	\$ 177,602,171	\$ 194,461,923	\$ 209,874,031	\$ 224,440,404
Restricted	6,915,337	3,227,265	2,021,178	1,903,958	1,840,838	1,695,740
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 265,707,073	\$ 277,019,444	\$ 293,088,029	\$ 310,790,304	\$ 333,631,067	\$ 362,693,471
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government assets	\$ 222,040,565 14,062,889 109,760,283 \$ 345,863,737	\$ 237,691,376 9,134,345 117,321,751 \$ 364,147,472	\$ 250,033,488 7,413,893 129,193,789 \$ 386,641,170	\$ 272,230,810 7,995,602 129,674,673 \$ 409,901,085	\$ 297,849,225 7,608,544 140,032,770 \$ 445,490,539	\$ 314,534,087 8,376,403 158,519,520 \$ 481,430,010

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Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Schedule 2
City of Ames
Changes in Net Assets, Last Six Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

(accidal basis of accounting)				Fiscal Year			
,	3	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Expenses Governmental activities:							
Public safety	\$ 10,	10,420,335	\$ 10,267,584	\$ 10,160,215	\$ 10,857,504	\$ 11,588,247	\$ 11,992.224
Public works			8,187,203	8,968,386	9,348,746	9,763,569	10,185,328
Health & social services			959,605	917,209	909,454	951,645	982,108
Culture & recreation			5,158,304	5,268,507	5,435,218	5,667,626	6,147,047
Community & economic development			2,989,990	2,612,198	2,447,892	2,743,874	3,404,127
General government	4,	4,088,047	3,046,760	2,853,720	2,485,193	2,206,713	2,281,674
Capital projects			220,248	364,871	1,788,341	732,402	41,834
Transportation Community enrichment	φ α	6,509,949 8,442,957					
Utilities/physical environment	5	787,651					
Interest on long-term debt	1,1	1,539,352	1,674,910	1,635,493	1,589,465	1,548,265	1,532,782
Total governmental activities expense	31,	31,788,291	32,504,604	32,780,599	34,861,813	35,202,341	36,567,124
Business-type activities:							
Mary Greeley Medical Center	91,	91,207,246	95,183,668	97,429,390	111,220,658	122,828,311	135,819,426
Electric Utility	27,	27,725,323	30,586,148	32,052,383	35,167,126	38,388,459	40,398,204
Sewer Utility	5,(	5,042,511	4,969,771	5,103,253	5,387,364	5,326,905	6,069,860
Water Utility	4,	4,588,786	4,765,393	5,097,617	5,088,878	5,468,343	5,811,849
Storm Sewer Utility	•	376,363	422,673	385,303	375,498	473,286	474,425
Parking Lot		621,816	626,843	799,523	808,289	777,261	828,138
Resource Recovery	2,5	2,877,425	3,157,863	3,215,617	3,353,518	3,424,317	3,887,199
Transit	4,	4,882,522	5,400,212	5,885,535	5,983,230	6,280,501	6,911,902
Ames/ISU Ice Arena	•	482,729	482,014	471,392	460,759	469,884	432,532
Homewood Golf Course		205,312	222,710	205,478	202,407	226,069	224,749
Total business-type activities expense	138,0	138,010,033	145,817,295	150,645,491	168,047,727	183,663,336	200,858,284
Total primary government expenses	\$ 169,	169,798,324	\$ 178,321,899	\$ 183,426,090	\$ 202,909,540	\$ 218,865,677	\$ 237,425,408
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities: Charges for services:							
Public Safety	\$	1,717,128	\$ 1,976,775	\$ 2,149,361	\$ 2,233,090	\$ 2,156,638	\$ 2,201,516
Culture and recreation			1,065,611	1,122,537	1,042,181	1,027,906	1,020,870
Community enrichment	<u>`</u> - `	,160,147	1		1	1	
General government	-	1,335,520	1,513,615	1,480,807	1,131,802	717,309	816,844
Other activities		605,165	240,330	150,663	230,627	272,205	416,660
Operating grants & contributions	). -	1,601,742	2,277,904	2,568,666	2,150,390	2,745,231	2,595,245
Capital grants & contributions		6,546,355		- 1			- 1
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 12,	12,966,057	\$ 12,199,470	\$ 10,812,252	\$ 11,460,655	\$ 11,766,491	\$ 10,282,753

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1	2	5
•	_	~

			Fiscal Year			
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Business-type activities: Charges for services						
Mary Greeley Medical Center	95,183,606	99,086,747	104,597,269	122,552,271	129,658,158	145,181,175
Electric Utility	31,761,537	32,506,192	34,729,308	36,677,050	42,256,054	46,307,158
Sewer Utility	4,229,249	4,244,668	4,276,063	4,190,238	4,607,890	4,760,282
Water Utility	5,936,702	6,139,049	6,123,857	5,885,844	6,260,700	6,394,051
Storm Sewer Utility	395,207	400,162	415,082	433,885	647,138	676,692
Parking Lot	712,771	716,025	835,781	715,634	776,341	685,500
Resource Recovery	2,736,075	3,047,135	3,124,654	3,925,447	4,191,902	4,072,777
Transit	2,674,966	2,988,830	3,172,940	2,745,924	3,454,757	3,793,525
Ames/ISU Ice Arena	380,498	454,414	398,281	379,783	373,698	389,163
Homewood Golf Course	212,069	196,159	208,336	214,051	212,116	198,124
Operating grants & contributions	1,704,841	1,763,879	1,771,872	508,639	1,252,304	1,665,682
Capital grants & contributions	925,080	3,297,323	2,332,603	3,040,686	4,967,908	1,724,159
Total business-type activities program revenues	146,852,601	154,840,583	161,986,046	181,269,452	198,658,966	215,848,288
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 159,818,658	\$ 167,040,053	\$ 172,798,298	\$ 192,730,107	\$ 210,425,457	\$ 226,131,041
Net (Expense)/Revenue		•				
Governmental activities	\$ (18,822,234)	<b>₩</b>	\$ (21,968,347)	\$ (23,401,158)	\$ (23,435,850)	\$ (26,284,371)
business-type activities		١			- 1	- 1
Total primary governmental net expense	\$ (9,979,666)	\$ (11,281,846)	\$ (10,627,792)	\$ (10,179,433)	\$ (8,440,220)	\$ (11,294,367)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets						
Governmental activities:						
Droporty to you						
Sales faxes	3 14,247,092 5 222,405	5 15,122,084 F 506 363	\$ 17,062,313 6,003,674	617,827,71	3 18,475,771	\$ 19,313,838 7,004,440
Dood upo foxos	3,232,193	3,390,302	0,003,074	0,070,491	0,44¢,335	7,281,418
Road use taxes	4,105,886	4,095,978	4,255,230	4,211,923	4,243,809	4,244,752
Crifesurcted grants & corninguations	091,747	906,704	48,413	31,045	14,845	5,5,573
investment earnings	963,580	747,545	489,786	828,277	1,404,140	2,074,008
I ransiers Other	167,478 84,738	320,785 (274,961)	225,888 308,156	83,144 703	35,964	231,849
Total governmental activities	25,493,322	27,276,498	28,393,460	28,958,798	30,622,984	33,161,438
Business-type activities:						
Investment earnings	1,833,523	7	5,200,766	4,363,765	7,881,097	14,184,748
Transfers	(167,478)	(32	(225,888)	(83,144)	(35,964)	(231,849)
Other	(131,859)	3,104	(246,848)	199,929		119,501
Total business-type activities program	1,534,186	2,289,083	4,728,030	4,480,550	7,845,133	14,072,400
Total primary governmental	\$ 27,027,508	\$ 29,565,581	\$ 33,121,490	\$ 33,439,348	\$ 38,468,117	\$ 47,233,838
Change in Net Assets						
Governmental activities Rusinger true activities	\$ 6,6/1,088 10,376,754	4 6,971,364	\$ 6,425,113	\$ 5,557,640	\$ 7,187,134	\$ 6,877,067
Dusiness-type acuvines					- 1	
l otal primary governmental	\$ 17,047,842	\$ 18,283,735	\$ 22,493,698	\$ 23,259,915	\$ 30,027,897	\$ 35,939,471

Notes: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002. The State of lowa changed reporting functions to meet the requirements of GASB 34 effective with fiscal year 2003.

Schedule 3
City of Ames
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Six Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Щ	Fiscal Year							
		2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007	
General Fund													
Reserved	↔	297,331	↔	134,833	S	119,344	↔	189,955	₩	173,039	S	256,946	
Unreserved		3,856,268		4,595,140		4,987,655		5,417,003		5,646,663		6,289,199	
Total General Fund	<del>\$</del>	4,153,599	↔	4,729,973	↔	5,106,999	↔	5,606,958	↔	5,819,702	↔	6,546,145	
All Other Governmental Funds													
Reserved	ઝ	8,168,864	↔	6,684,379	↔	6,934,080	υ	6,758,486	↔	7,175,778 \$ 7,619,673	Ð	7,619,673	
Unreserved, reported in:													
Other governmental funds		633,570											
Capital projects fund												2,110,682	
Nonmajor special revenue funds		5,943,244		8,083,479		8,360,430		9,139,295		9,847,667		11,528,761	
Total all other governmental funds	ક્ર	14,745,678	↔	14,767,858	s	14,745,678 \$ 14,767,858 \$ 15,294,510 \$ 15,897,781 \$ 17,023,445 \$ 21,259,116	S	15,897,781	ક્ક	17,023,445	8	21,259,116	

Schedule 4
City of Ames
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Six Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

2002	<u>2003</u>	2004	2005	2006	2007
•	16,122,084 \$	17,062,313	17,728,215	18,475,771	\$ 19,313,838
310,611	327,594	309,133	253,868	321,523	139,570
861,827	928,479	1,123,645	1,162,071	973,003	983,238
17,451,315	16,668,700	12,723,046	13,886,584	14,283,772	16,009,502
2,579,068	2,911,671	2,802,740	2,861,229	2,913,616	3,207,138
169,299	147,339	149,005	165,243	180,453	191,626
190,495	313,106	868,637	613,644	240,719	218,033
1,139,022	997,741	667,644	884,551	1,360,294	1,725,443
570,384	383,966	425,741	240,037	186,167	202,994
37,519,713	38,800,680	36,131,904	37,795,442	38,935,318	41,991,382
9,932,025	10,073,803	10,147,229	10,803,854	11,669,410	11,896,964
	3,892,858	4,390,191	4,418,888	4,504,535	4,756,831
	958,521	918,839	909,947	953,620	982,063
	5,270,329	5,191,331	5,254,306	5,487,868	5,900,650
	2,961,538	2,600,483	2,437,266	2,748,939	3,404,221
3,173,219	1,962,223	2,049,786	1,960,966	2,168,130	2,145,983
20,131,685	12,003,536	9,561,512	10,184,911	6,602,090	6,265,482
2,961,999					
8,155,022					
700,387					
4,363,748	5,043,788	5,483,308	5,307,272	7,283,105	5,740,028
1,518,648	1,709,232	1,632,709	1,614,899	1,581,581	1,557,501
12,348	30,679				
50,949,081	43,906,507	41,975,388	42,892,309	42,999,278	42,649,723
(13,429,368)	(5,105,827)	(5,843,484)	(5,096,867)	(4,063,960)	(658,341)
₩		\$ 16,122,084 327,594 928,479 16,668,700 2,911,671 147,339 313,106 997,741 38,906,680 10,073,803 3,892,858 958,521 5,270,329 2,961,538 1,962,223 1,709,232 30,679 43,906,507	\$ 16,122,084 \$ 17,062,313 327,594 309,133 928,479 1,123,645 16,668,700 12,723,046 2,911,671 2,802,740 147,339 149,005 313,106 868,637 997,741 667,644 383,966 36,131,904 10,073,803 10,147,229 3,892,858 4,390,191 958,521 918,839 5,270,329 5,191,331 2,961,538 2,049,786 1,709,232 1,632,709 30,679 41,975,388 43,906,507 (5,843,484)	\$ 16,122,084 \$ 17,062,313 \$ 17,728,215 327,594 329,133 258,868 928,479 1,123,645 1,162,071 16,668,700 2,911,671 2,802,740 2,911,671 2,802,740 2,911,671 2,802,740 383,966 38,637 38,800,680 38,2966 36,131,904 37,795,442 3,892,858 4,390,191 4,418,888 958,521 38,800,680 36,131,904 37,795,442 3,892,858 4,390,191 4,418,888 958,521 36,947 5,270,329 2,049,786 1,962,223 2,049,786 1,962,223 1,632,709 30,679 43,906,507 41,975,388 42,893,308 42,892,309 42,906,507 (5,105,827) (5,843,484) (5,096,867)	\$ 16,122,084 \$ 17,062,313 \$ 17,728,215 \$ 18,475,771 327,594 309,133 253,868 321,523 16,668,700 12,723,046 13,886,584 14,283,772 2,911,671 2,802,740 2,861,229 2,913,616 147,339 149,005 165,243 180,453 313,106 868,637 613,644 240,719 997,741 667,644 884,551 1,360,294 383,966 36,131,904 37,795,442 38,935,318 10,073,803 10,147,229 10,803,854 11,669,410 3,892,858 4,390,191 4,418,888 4,504,535 958,527 329 5,191,331 5,254,306 5,487,868 2,961,538 2,600,483 2,437,266 2,748,939 1,962,223 2,049,786 1,960,966 2,168,130 12,003,536 9,561,512 10,184,911 6,602,090 43,906,507 (5,105,827) (5,843,484) (5,096,867) (4,063,960)

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			Fiscal Year					
	2002	2003	2004	2005		2006		2007
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of bonds	\$ 14,865,000	\$ 5,885,000	\$ 6,555,000	\$ 6,030,000	↔	5,495,000	↔	5,285,000
Issuance of refunding bonds	2,692,520	3,212,820						
Premiums of debt issued	24,247	117,670	42,916	60,193		33,665		73,086
Payments of refunded bonds	(2,640,000)	(3,170,822)						
Capital transfers out	(251,840)	(743,588)				(162,957)		•
Transfers in	5,565,732	5,906,633	6,699,116	6,080,627		6,514,877		7,076,994
Transfers out	(5,230,254)	(5,568,666	(6,549,870)	(5,970,723)		(6,478,217)		(6,814,625)
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,025,405	5,639,047	6,747,162	6,200,097		5,402,368		5,620,455
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,596,037	\$ 533,220	↔	903,678 \$ 1,103,230		\$ 1,338,408	↔	\$ 4,962,114
Debt service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures	19.1%	21.3%	22.0%	21.2%		24.4%		20.1%

Note: The State of lowa changed reporting functions to meet the requirements of GASB 34 effective with fiscal year 2003.

Schedule 5 City of Ames Assessed Taxable Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxable Assessed Value as a	Actual Taxable Value	73.3%	70.0	72.4	71.4	72.7	8.69	70.5	66.7	65.7	63.1
Estimated Actual	Value	\$1,496,019,217	1,682,010,762	1,761,576,644	1,943,321,639	2,036,850,033	2,354,597,383	2,429,777,471	2,616,823,544	2,746,981,177	3,003,950,459
Total	Tax Rate	\$ 10.19221	9.75731	9.76244	9.60628	9.35614	9.63962	9.67627	9.94868	10.16610	10.25190
Total Taxable	Value	\$1,096,378,542	1,177,188,821	1,275,809,753	1,387,050,617	1,481,600,827	1,643,006,682	1,712,090,843	1,744,573,328	1,804,026,691	1,896,589,910
Less:	Tax Exemption	\$ 3,314,154 \$1,0	3,241,926	3,178,958	3,154,882	3,096,544	3,120,620	3,044,688	2,965,052	2,894,676	2,912,270
Taxable Value		\$ 24,678,981									
Taxable Value		8						18,617,645	16,598,600	15,430,574	15,836,321
Taxable Value		\$ 26,664,730	32,434,540	37,881,967	52,712,806	61,850,141	77,126,240	79,460,930	84,967,190	91,023,260	108,536,430
Taxable Value Taxable Value Commercial Industrial	Property	\$ 468,082,836	516,287,865	574,735,293	641,513,433	685,342,960	807,747,474	858,404,884	833,418,402	835,027,560	842,294,846
Taxable Value Residential		\$ 566,294,489	593,517,352	630,397,039	666,008,427	714,329,984			812,554,188	865,439,973	932,834,583
Fisca	Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007

Source: Story County Auditor

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (tax rates per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Ames Schedule 6

Total	Direct &	Overlapping	Rates	30.17336	30.04141	29.83319	29.50996	30.23526	30.85983	30.14403	30.60745	30.90706	31.15070
		Area	Vocational (6)	0.47230	0.50551	0.52451	0.54506	0.54454	0.54584	0.58184	0.59856	0.68408	0.68688
Overlapping Rates (1)		County	Consolidated (5)	6.04529	6.11277	5.87745	5.51856	6.50788	6.47047	6.08392	6.25618	6.32840	6.46794
Ó	Ames	School	District (4)	13.46356	13.66582	13.66879	13.84006	13.82670	14.20390	13.80200	13.80403	13.72848	13.74398
	Total	Direct	Tax Rate (3)	10.19221	9.75731	9.76244	9.60628	9.35614	9.63962	9.67627	9.94868	10.16610	10.25190
es		<b>Debt Service</b>	Rate	3.30182	3.30580	3.52611	3.67021	3.43941	3.79688	3.64508	3.64317	3.67436	3.66283
	Employee	Benefits	Rate	0.20053	0.23572	0.26405	0.28691	0.30861	0.31508	0.35921	0.53695	0.65229	0.68478
Ci		Public Transit	Rate	0.51250	0.52362	0.51213	0.50638	0.50962	0.49403	0.52435	0.53054	0.56436	0.56956
		General	Rate (2)	6.17736	5.69217	5.46015	5.14278	5.09850	5.03363	5.14763	5.23802	5.27509	5.33473
•		Fiscal	Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007

Source: Story County Auditor

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- (1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that may apply to property owners within the City of Ames. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Ames property owners.
  - (2) State law limits the maximum tax rate for the General Fund to \$8.10 per thousand dollars of assessed valuation. (3) City council sets the total direct tax rate.
- (4) School district board of education sets the rate. (5) Story county agricultural extension board, and county hospital board set the rate.
- (6) Area community college sets the rate.

Schedule 7
City of Ames
Principal Property Tax Payers by Parcel
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2007				1998	
				Percentage of Total City				Percentage of Total City
		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable
	Ī	Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	<u>Value</u>		Value	Rank	Value
North Grand Mall Partners LLC (1)	↔	38,343,636	₩-	2.02%				
Barilla America Inc. (2)		36,693,600	2	1.93				
Clinic Building Co., Inc.		15,845,306	က	0.84	↔	15,078,625	7	1.28%
SUH lowa State LLC		13,553,928	4	0.71				
Midwest Centers		12,643,722	5	29.0				
Cycloneball LLC		11,650,600	9	0.61				
lowa State University Research Park		10,544,698	7	0.56		5,490,894	10	0.47
Stanton I LLC		9,104,812	80	0.48				
SUSA Holding of Story County Inc		8,775,000	တ	0.46		6,450,700	7	0.55
Minnesota Mining & Mfg. Co.		8,695,000	10	0.46				
General Growth Properties (1)						20,061,444	τ-	1.70
Freemon, Richard D. Rest. Rev. Trust						7,036,153	က	09.0
Minnesota Mining & Mfg. Co.						6,846,797	4	0.58
ISU Credit Union						6,767,118	2	0.57
Mortensen I-Ltd. Partnership						6,518,973	9	0.55
Gateway Center, Ltd.						5,757,516	80	0.49
Sauer-Sundstrand	1					5,707,919	တ	0.48
Totals	l co	\$ 165,850,302		8.74%	<del>⇔</del>	85,716,139		7.27%

Source: Story County Auditor

Notes: (1) Property changed ownership. (2) Barilla paid property taxes for the first time FY 1999.

Fiscal		Collected within the	ithin the			
Year	Tax Levied	Fiscal Year of the Levy	of the Levy	Collections	<b>Totals Collections to Date</b>	ons to Date
Ended	for the		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage
June 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
1998	\$ 11,186,337	↔	101.27%	\$ 5,927	\$ 11,334,625	101.33%
1999	11,511,434		101.76	1,045	11,715,285	101.77
2000	12,484,141		101.88	13,138	12,731,943	101.98
2001	13,364,547		102.63	1,286	13,717,894	102.64
2002	13,916,170		102.17	12,054	14,230,095	102.26
2003	15,870,964		100.68	80,213	16,058,347	101.18
2004	16,618,895		101.72	52,567	16,956,567	102.03
2002	17,401,486		101.56	10	17,672,872	101.56
2006	18,344,342	18,490,707	100.80	2,044	18,492,751	100.81
2007	19,446,934	19,327,368	99.39		19,327,368	99.39

Sources: Story County Auditor and City of Ames Finance Department

Schedule 9 City of Ames Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Per	Capita	1,873	1,809	1,590	1,571	1,713	1,575	1,500	1,426	1,302	1,210
		Percentage	of Personal					8.32				7.55	6.90	6.41
		Total	Primary	Government	\$ 91,215,000	88,075,000	80,665,000	79,722,064	86,903,135	79,892,672	76,115,450	72,352,121	66,048,825	61,377,865
			Notes	<u>Payable</u>						2,212,672	1,575,450	907,121	283,825	27,865
	tivities		Capital	Leases				1,182,244	2,043,135					
	<b>Business-type Activities</b>		Revenue	Bonds		53,595,000	50,310,000	46,840,000	43,695,000	36,690,000	33,595,000	30,380,000	27,075,000	23,685,000
	•	General	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 9,311,018	8,230,488	7,249,958	6,249,248	5,244,496	4,186,286	3,069,595	2,466,867	1,879,972	1,310,000
Governmental	Activities	General	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 25,183,982	26,249,512	23,105,042	25,450,572	35,920,504	36,803,714	37,875,405	38,598,133	36,810,028	36,355,000
	•	l	Fiscal	Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007

**Notes:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See Schedule 14 for personal income and population data.

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Schedule 10 City of Ames Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Per	Capita	\$ 494.19	511.34	415.83	445.60	660.71	680.67	712.78	732.46	700.45	694.80
Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of	Property (1)	1.61%	1.48	1.20	1.16	1.65	1.47	1.49	1.42	1.29	1.17
	Total	24,062,757	24,897,599	21,095,557	22,605,556	33,518,485	34,531,177	36,160,086	37,158,520	35,534,438	35,247,806
Less: Amounts Available in Debt	Service Fund	\$ 1,121,225 \$	1,351,913	2,009,485	2,845,016	2,402,019	2,272,537	1,715,319	1,439,613	1,275,590	1,107,194
General Obligation	Bonds	\$ 25,183,982	26,249,512	23,105,042	25,450,572	35,920,504	36,803,714	37,875,405	38,598,133	36,810,028	36,355,000
Fiscal	Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007

**Notes:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. (1) See Schedule 5 for property value data. (2) Population data can be found in Schedule 14.

Schedule 11 City of Ames Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2007

**Estimated** 

Governmental Unit	리	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Share of Direct and Overlapping	
Debt repaid with property taxes						
Ames Community School District	↔	6,710,000	94.36%	↔	6,573,116	
Gilbert Community School District		9,155,000	41.83		3,829,537	
Des Moines Area Community College (1)		69,505,000	6.65		4,622,083	
Nevada Community School District		4,450,000	0.17		7,565	
United Community School District		0	99.0		0	
Story County		6,890,000	63.70		4,388,930	
Other debt						
Ames Community School District Revenue Bonds		17,916,450	96'26		17,550,954	
Gilbert Community School District Revenue Bonds		3,480,000	41.83		1,455,684	
Gitbert Community School District Energy Loan		28,313	41.83		11,843	
Nevada Community School District Revenue Bonds		5,335,000	0.17		0,070	
Nevada Community School District Capital Lease Notes		218,990	0.17		372	
Subtotal, overlapping debt					38 440 15A	
					100	
City direct debt					36,355,000	
Total direct and overlapping debt				છ	74,804,154	

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Story County Auditor. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit. Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Ames. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every tax payer is a resident-and therefore responsible for repaying the debt-of each overlapping government.

(1) Includes \$60,460,000 new jobs training certificates payable primarily from credits and incremental property tax revenue derived from jobs training program. The certificates are further secured by a back-up levy of general taxes.

Schedule 12 City of Ames Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit	1998 \$ 74,800,961 34,495,000	\$ 74,800,961 \$ 84,100,538 \$ 88 34,495,000 34,480,000	\$ 88,078,832 30,355,000	Fiscal Year 2001 \$ 97,166,082 \$ 1 31,700,000	Year <u>2002</u> \$ 101,842,502 41,165,000	\$ 101,842,502 \$ 117,729,869 41,165,000	\$ 121,488,874 \$ 130,841,177 40,945,000 41,065,000	\$ 130,841,177 41,065,000	\$ 137,349,059 \$ 150,197,523 38,690,000 37,665,000	\$ 150,197,523 37,665,000
	Legal debt margin	40,305,961	49,620,538	57,723,832	65,466,082	60,677,502	76,739,869	80,543,874	89,776,177	98,659,059	112,532,523
	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	46.12%	41.00%	34.46%	32.62%	40.42%	34.82%	33.70%	31.39%	28.17%	25.08%
								Legal Debt	Margin Calculat	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2007	sar 2007
								Assessed value			\$3,003,950,459
								Debt limit (5% of actual value)	actual value)		150,197,523
								Debt applicable to limit:	o limit:		
								General ob	General obligation bonds		36,355,000
								Other			24,995,000
								Total			61,350,000
								Less revenue bonds	ine bonds		23,685,000
								Total net de	Total net debt applicable to limit	limit	37,665,000
1								Legal debt margin	_		\$ 112,532,523
36	Note: State of lowa statutory debt limit is 5% of total actual assessed valuation.	nit is 5% of total ac	ctual assessed val	uation.							

			Coverage	2.28	5.44	4.78	5.18	5.31	3.26	3.82	3.35	4.80	5.70
		vice	Interest	\$ 958,145	778,505	720,185	659,465	594,960	566,463	187,775	144,275	99,775	54,150
nue Bond		Debt Service	Principal	\$ 3,190,000 \$	1,215,000	1,265,000	1,330,000	1,400,000	1,685,000	1,740,000	1,780,000	1,825,000	1,860,000
Electric Revenue Bond	Net	Available	Revenue	\$ 9,458,540	10,834,848	9,493,346	10,312,156	10,588,031	7,348,823	7,355,686	6,446,594	9,229,578	10,914,436
	Less:	Operating	Expenses	\$ 18,333,301	19,439,120	20,994,323	23,462,190	23,277,276	26,299,186	27,931,609	30,987,158	34,061,735	36,571,857
		Gross	Revenues	\$ 27,791,841	30,273,968	30,487,669	33,774,346	33,865,307	33,648,009	35,287,295	37,433,752	43,291,313	47,486,293
			Coverage	4.79	3.95	4.16	4.91	4.10	4.64	7.93	9.22	8.92	12.45
9		vice	Interest	\$ 2,303,880	2,270,221	2,196,551	2,115,521	2,027,455	1,960,195	1,301,741	1,212,363	1,169,313	1,117,513
Revenue Bon		Debt Service	Principal	\$ 1,320,000	1,390,000	1,460,000	1,545,000	1,140,000	1,200,000	1,355,000	1,435,000	1,480,000	1,530,000
Medical Center Revenue Bon	Net	Available	Revenue	\$ 17,347,377	14,446,768	15,204,339	17,961,752	12,976,493	14,655,049	21,068,947	24,412,632	23,644,994	32,966,461
	Less:	Operating	Expenses	\$ 63,898,258	68,670,230	70,193,728	76,721,197	81,459,920	85,662,680	88,031,896	101,474,465	112,439,877	124,439,101
		Gross	Revenues				94,682,949	94,436,413		109,100,843	125,887,097	136,084,871	157,405,562
	1	Fiscal	Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007

			Sewer Revenue Bond	te Bond		
		Less:	Net			
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Available	Debt (	Debt Service	
Year	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
1998	\$ 4,285,808	\$ 2,574,303	↔	\$ 510,000	120,063	
1999	4,066,176			520,000		5 2.27
2000	4,215,423			560,000	75,225	
2001	4,320,015	2,975,603	•	595,000		
2002	4,388,706	3,196,435	_	605,000		
2003	4,318,822	3,130,524	1,188,298	290,000	6,163	
2004						
2002						
2006						
2007						

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest and depreciation expenses.

Schedule 14 City of Ames Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

	Unemployment	Rate	3.0%	2.8	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4	2.8	2.4
	School	Enrollment	5,008	5,023	4,879	4,965	4,702	4,674	4,624	4,516	4,366	4,320
	Personal	Income	737,450,582	737,450,582	737,450,582	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011
Per Capita	Personal	Income	15,062	15,062	15,062	18,881	18,881	18,881	18,881	18,881	18,881	18,881
		<b>Population</b>	48,961	48,961	48,961	50,731	50,731	50,731	50,731	50,731	50,731	50,731
	Calendar	Year	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006

**Sources**: United States Census Bureau decennial census provided population and per capita personal income. School enrollment provided by the Ames School District. Unemployment provided by the lowa Workforce Development.

City of Ames Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago Schedule 15

		2007			1998		
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City	
Employer	Employees (1)	Rank	Employment	Employees (2)	Rank	Employment	
lowa State University	13,787	-	28.65%	13,267	_	28.77%	
Mary Greeley Medical Center	1,350	7	2.81	1,336	7	2.90	
lowa Department of Transportation	1,200	ო	2.49	1,000	က	2.17	
McFarland Clinic	1,000	4	2.08	750	4	1.63	
Sauer-Danfoss	810	S	1.68	499	∞	1.08	
Ames Community Schools	089	9	1.41	671	2	1.46	
City of Ames	536	7	1.11	550	7	1.19	
Ames Laboratories	443	ω	0.92	613	9	1.33	
3M	380	o	0.79	400	6	0.87	
Hach Companies	300	10	0.62				
Ogden Entertainment Services				400	10	0.87	
Total	20,486		42.56%	19,486		42.27%	

**Sources:** United States Department of Labor provided total labor force numbers. (1) Ames Economic Development Commission (2) Ames Chamber of Commerce

Authorized Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Ames

Schedule 16

Function/Program	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>	2007
General government										
Management services	23.00	23.25	23.25	23.25	22.75	23.00	22.75	22.50	22.25	22.25
Finance	39.50	40.50	41.50	41.50	41.50	41.25	41.25	38.75	38.75	38.75
Planning and housing	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	11.00	11.00	9.75	8.75	8.75	10.50
Fleet Services	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50
Transit	62.65	65.15	65.15	66.65	68.25	73.45	74.45	74.45	73.70	73.70
Fire/Inspections	59.00	00'09	60.00	60.00	60.00	63.00	63.00	63.00	63.00	63.00
Police/Animal control/Parking	70.40	70.40	70.40	73.40	73.40	73.40	73.40	73.40	72.40	74.40
Library	29.00	29.25	29.75	29.75	30.25	30.25	30.25	30.25	30.25	30.50
Parks and recreation	21.75	21.75	21.75	22.75	22.75	22.75	22.75	22.00	22.00	22.00
Waste water treatment	21.50	21.00	21.00	22.00	22.00	22.25	22.25	22.25	22.25	22.25
Water	19.50	19.50	19.50	18.50	18.50	18.75	18.75	18.75	18.75	18.75
Electric	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00
Public works										
Administration	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.75	3.25	3.25	3.00
Engineering	11.50	11.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Resource recovery	16.90	16.90	16.90	16.90	16.90	16.90	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
Streets	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
Utility maintenance	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Other	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75
Medical center (1)	955.45	1,001.20	956.81	958.28	979.80	946.04	930.97	960.34	987.33	1,019.33
Total	1,474.40	1,524.65	1,482.76	1,489.73	1,514.85	1,489.29	1,470.57	1,494.94	1,519.93	1,555.68

Sources: City Finance Department

(1) Mary Greeley Medical Center Finance Department

Note: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave) except as noted below. Full-timeequivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor force by 2,080. Firefighters, Fire Captains and Fire Lieutenants 2,912 hours per year. Police Officers 2,070 hours per year.

Schedule 17 City of Ames Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

'					Fiscal Year					
Function/Program	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>	2007
General government Number of licenses/permits processed (1) Subdivision requests Police	203	524 6	903 36	396 15	874 25	843 32	1,206	1,048 16	1,008 16	1,269
Physical arrests	1,394	1,290	1,150	1,254	1,380	1,154	1,270	1,201	1,051	1,340
raiking violations Traffic violations	3,334	3,888	64,510 4,454	3,739 3,739	56,846 3,985	48,876 3,351	61,858 2,438	51,126 3,000	53,367 3,809	56,566 3,820
Fire Number of fires	180	131	152	153	177	107	48	14.2	4	160
Number of ambulance assists	581	938	1,039	1.021	1.029	1.075	1.072	1 197	1436	103
Inspections	715	903	721	289	811	801	818	1,016	1,007	951
Library										
Total circulation	956,313	943,500	931,695	976,074	1,090,138	1,232,476	1,222,190	1,256,993	1,311,122	1,361,888
Library visits (2) Parks and recreation	317,021	390,301	418,744	412,676	427,072	451,041	457,441	471,164	450,000	459,000
Total number of drop-in visits	125,812	119,845	118,708	123,524	119,396	117,113	119,287	118.456	114.297	117 790
Total number of activities	136	142	158	162	137	135	135	135	137	141
Resource recovery										
Tons of refuse processed	45,241	42,725	41,353	45,559	45,684	44,798	48,272	51,840	54,497	50,792
Tipping fee/ton	47.00	42.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	52.75	53.85	52.75	52.75	52.75
Other public works										
Blocks of streets crack sealed	52	99	81	26	167	176	160	176	142	128
Blocks of streets slurry sealed	46	77	6	82	0	63	99	73	O	0
Blocks of seal coat reconstruction	13	∞	4	14	21	9	7	ω	6	0
Hospital										
Total admissions	9,633	9,848	9,632	9,952	10,007	9,438	9,279	10,178	9,970	10,113
Average percent of occupancy	63.3%	61.6%	57.3%	27.7%	26.5%	54.0%	53.0%	55.6%	54.3%	26.9%
oduced at plant	343,382,240	387,422,320	384,542,641	402,043,100	399,354,110	417,653,920	421,936,000	435,050,857	489,100,767	497,522,088
Meters in service Transit	18,531	19,043	19,803	20,353	20,606	20,901	21,170	22,375	22,906	23,827
Passenders	2 755 200	2 876 803	3.016.409	3 044 456	3 418 078	4 678 548	A 787 637	A 200 366	4 472 208	1 244 454
Total miles driven	924,791	982,557	1,022,739	1,055,613	1,115,473	1,229,503	1,245,103	1,178,475	1,189,235	1,234,775
Water										) : : : !
Billion gallons/year pumped	2.068	2.065	2.115	2.106	2.089	2.111	2.186	2.137	2.311	2.440
Utility locates performed	4,583	5,610	6,401	4,315	5,797	5,356	5,747	6,081	5.779	5.500
Water main breaks (3)	29	24	20	33	25	28	99	27	21	51
Dilling and professions to the		C	0	000	,					
Dillion gallons/year treateu	7.3 14	7.320	058.1	1.982	1.944	1.959	2.136	1.997	1.887	2.480

Sources: Various city departments and Mary Greeley Medical Center

Notes: (1) City changes in licenses for plumbing and electrical from a two year to a three year license and the addition of mechanical licenses in 1999 caused variances from year to year. (2) Library counter not working all year for FY 2006. (3) A two-pressure water system was implemented in FY 2004. Increased pressure caused additional breaks in the west zone.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Ames Schedule 18

1					Fiscal Year					
;	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2002
Function										
Police										
Stations	<b>-</b>	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Patrol units	7	7			٠ ٢	- ^	- ^	- 1	- 1	- r
Fire			•	•	•	-	•	•	•	,
Fire stations	7	2	2	٥	c	Ç*	c	c	r	c
Parks and recreation			l	l	1	>	7	9	ი	7
Total number of parks	30	32	32	32	33	33	8	33	33	8
Total number of park acres (1)	747	759	759	759	1 196	1 196	1 106	7,00	7	, ,
Total number of athletic fields	23	22	10	÷ ÷		- - -	061,	061,1	08-	66-
Other public works	ì	7	2	<u>n</u>	<u>n</u>	<u> </u>	6	38	<u>—</u>	18
Miles of streets (2)	165	170	175	177	176	178	240	244	970	C
Number of traffic signals	55	56	56	09	09	09	943	60	0 <b>1</b> 7	603
Number of signs	8.437	8 812	8 503	2 650	20 8	900	5 6	9 6	0000	80 .
Hospital		1	)	5	200,0	000'0	0,001	9,325	9,267	9,291
Beds in operation	195	203	205	205	206	204	108	100	00	,
Transit			) ) 	2	2	407	0	88	881	66 1
Buses owned	49	50	50	54	56	67	9	9	70	73
New buses purchased	2	4	0	ç	) er	<u> </u>	) r	3 9	2 *	ò `
Water			•	)	o	-	?	>	4	4
Miles of water mains	203.3	208.8	217.0	218.0	218.0	220.0	223.0	0300	2000	7.010
Fire hydrants	1.921	1 998	2.160	2 268	2.450	2000	0.577	200.0	6.262	242.3
Wells	21	22	23.12	1,100	5.5	2,200	067,2	2,374	2,406	2,451
Wastewater	Ì	;	3	7	77	77	77	77	22	25
Sanitary sewer miles (3)	174.8	176.1	184.0	188.0	186.0	187.0	189.0	192.0	196.0	104 7
Sform sewer miles (3)	101.5	104.2	106.0	190.0	190.0	192.0	2010	220.0	240.0	230.0
							2	5.53	7	6.003

Sources: Various city departments and Mary Greeley Medical Center

Notes: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government, library, resource recovery, electric functions.

<sup>(1)</sup> Ada Hayden Heritage Park was added in FY 2002. It includes a lake of 130 acres.
(2) Public works implemented a computer GIS system in FY 2004.
(3) Public works in FY 2007 continued to update the GIS system by removing private utilities.

# INFORMATION PROVIDED TO COMPLY WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Number	Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2007
DIRECT:			
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND			
URBAN DEVELOPMENT	44.074	14,000,140,004,000,000	1 010 455
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	IA089-VO-001,002,003, 005,006	1,019,455
Community Development Block Grants/			
Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-06-MC-19-0010	506,605
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	40.007	•	2.022
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607		3,033
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-19-0004-16-2006	44,646
Federal Transit-Capital Investment Grants	20.500*	IA-03-0088-04	313,308
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507*	IA-90-X285-00	14,601
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507*	IA-90-X300-00	69,429
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507*	IA-90-X314-00	1,374,107
			1,771,445
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	EMW-2005-FG-08525	128,000
Commercial Equipment Direct Assistance			
Program (CEDAP)	97.096		16,600
TOTAL DIRECT			3,489,784
INDIRECT:			
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
lowa Department of Human Services			
Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws Program	16.727	CJJP-06-A5-001	2,950
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
lowa Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-U-0155(652)70-85	676,330
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-U-0155(655)70-85	813,195
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	HDP-0155(653)71-85	451,794
			1,941,319
Federal Transit-Capital Investment Grants	20.500*	03-0104-015-05	491,173
Capital Assistance Program For Elderly Persons			
And Persons With Disabilities	20.513	16-X001-015-06	157,419
State Planning and Research	20.515	07MPO-AAMPO	68,149
Job Access-Reverse Commute	20.516	37-X012-015-07	6,315
	145		(continued)

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Number	Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2007
INDIRECT: (continued) DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Iowa Department of Public Safety			
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	PAP 06-410, Task 02	5,209
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	PAP 07-410, Task 01	13,552
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	PAP 06-163, Task 01	2,829
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	PAP 07-163, Task 01	1,758 23,348
NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS Arts Midwest Promotion of the Arts-Grants to Organizations and Individuals	45.024		7,300
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES lowa Department of Public Health Immunization Grants	93.268	58871422	24,237
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention- Investigations and Technical Assistance	93.283	5887BT01	49,557
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889	5887BHP07	44,381
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Iowa Department of Public Defense Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM) Competitive Grants	97.017	PDMC-PL-07-2005-042	17,036
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	FEMA 1688-DR-IA	245,206
Story County EMS Association Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	EMW-2005-FG-20749	28,103
TOTAL INDIRECT			3,106,493
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$6,596,277
*Clustered programs under OMB Circular A-133			(concluded)

<sup>\*</sup>Clustered programs under OMB Circular A-133 See notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

### 1. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting (revenues are recorded in the year earned by the City of Ames, Iowa (City) and expenditures are recorded in the year incurred).

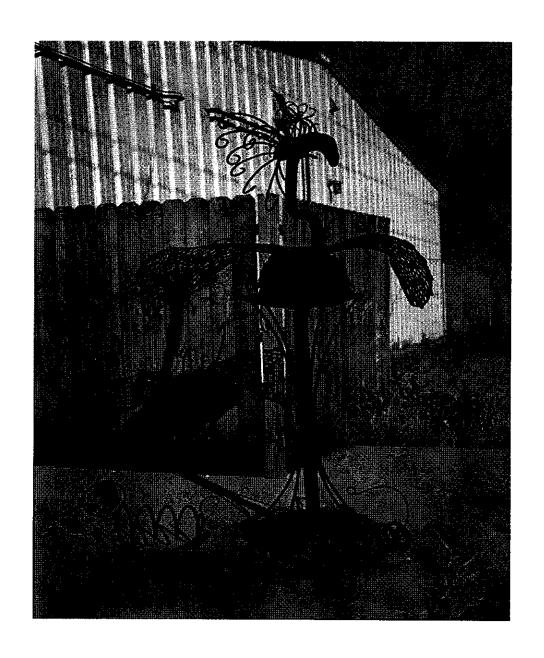
# 2. GENERAL

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the expenditures of all federal award programs of the City. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's financial statements. All expenditures of federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as expenditures of federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the schedule.

# 3. SUBRECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City of Ames, Iowa, provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

	Federal	Amount Provided
Program Title	CFDA Number	to Subrecipients
Immunization Grants	93.268	\$10,859



Flo

By David Johnson, 2001

At Ames Animal Shelter and Control Building



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Ames, Iowa

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ames, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

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### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted an immaterial instance of noncompliance or other matters that is described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2007, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The City's response to a finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. While we expressed our conclusion on the City's response, we did not audit the City's response, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees, and citizens of the City of Ames, Iowa, and other parties to whom the City of Ames, Iowa, may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Ames, Iowa, during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Dubuque, Iowa December 6, 2007

Sak Sailly LLP



# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Ames, Iowa

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Ames, Iowa, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2007. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of the independent auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Ames, Iowa, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2007.

### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Ames, Iowa, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

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A control deficiency in the City's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees, and citizens of the City of Ames, Iowa, and other parties to whom the City of Ames, Iowa, may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dubuque, Iowa

December 6, 2007

John Sailly LLP

# CITY OF AMES, IOWA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

# Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results:

- (a) Unqualified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- (b) No material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were noted.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) No material weaknesses in internal control over the major programs were noted.
- (e) An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major programs.
- (f) The audit disclosed no audit findings which were required to be reported in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- (g) The major programs are as follows:
  - CFDA Number 14.871 Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers
  - CFDA Number 20.205 Highway Planning and Construction
  - CFDA Number 97.036 Public Assistance Grants
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- (i) The City of Ames, Iowa, qualified as a low-risk auditee.

# Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- II-A-07 <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2007, did not exceed the amount budgeted.
- II-B-07 Questionable Expenditures We noted no expenditures that we believe may fail to meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- II-C-07 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- II-D-07 <u>Business Transactions</u> Business transactions between the City and City officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Name, Title, and Business Connection	Transaction Description	 Amount
Mike Wheelock, Utility Accounts Supervisor, wife is part owner of Heartland Pet Hospital	Veterinary services	\$ 182
Jan Heuss, library employee, husband is owner of Heuss Printing, Inc.	Printing services	\$ 17,574

# CITY OF AMES, IOWA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

# Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued)

In accordance with Chapter 362.5(10) of the Code of Iowa, the transactions with the utility accounts supervisor do not appear to represent conflicts of interest since total transactions were less than \$1,500 during the fiscal year. The transactions with the library employee do not appear to represent conflicts of interest since they were entered into through competitive bidding in accordance with Chapter 362.5(4) of the Code of Iowa.

- II-E-07 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- II-F-07 <u>Council Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not. However, we noted that when the list of claims is published it does not include the reason for each claim as required by Chapter 372.13(6) of the Code of Iowa.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should determine a procedure which would allow for the publication of claims, including the reason for each claim in accordance with Chapter 372.13(6) of the Code of Iowa.

<u>Response</u> – The City is currently looking into a procedure to publish the reason for each claim; however, with the current accounting system this would be very difficult, and we are concerned about the cost of implementation.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

- II-G-07 Deposits and Investments No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.
- II-H-07 Revenue Bonds We noted no instances of non-compliance with the provisions of the City's revenue bond resolutions.